INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

PRICE ONE ANNA
REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXI NO. 213 BOMBAY MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

SOVIET-MANCHUKUO RELATIONS ON BREAKING POINT

Out Of The Gloaming.

It is not for nothing that President Roosevelt is taking counsel with professors in his difficulty of solving the unemployment problem in America. In Bombay Prof. Kaji gave gratuitous counsel to the Muslim youth, and at one sitting!

* * * *

That shows the supreme position India occupies in the mental sphere, though nobody knows much about our Professor whose advice to Muslim Youth was—to change their mentality. Don't they know that a contented mind is a continual feast! That ought to suffice.

* * * *

Very few boys manage to get a good square meal these days, and a continual feast is more than they aspire to when faced with grim starvation. But the great professor said something more. He asked them to gain knowledge for its own sake—as he has been doing—and not for mere filthy lucre!

* * * *

Students, he said, ought never to think of a job until they get out of their colleges! The pity of it is that they should think of jobs at all. Why not knowledge for its own sake?

* * * *

Our boys, as a matter of fact, have no time to think of jobs in their colleges.—they *think* of better and more joyful things. But all the same they never get any jobs. It is their clerical mentality which comes in their way, said the worthy professor. They ought to have professorial mentality for a change.

* * * *

Mr. F. E. James asked the Government to secure the first line of defence, by guaranteeing the landlords all they have, against Bolshevism, Nazism and Fascism! When all these isms do come, neither the first line, nor any number of lines will stop them. But perhaps Jimmy and his friends won't be there then.

* * * *

Take Cuba for instance, where the United States had the first line in Machado, and further lines in his tyranny and secret police. Somehow all the lines snapped before the revolution, and nothing is left behind but the wreck of their hopes, though the sugar plantations still remain intact.

* * * *

Mr. Hariraj Sarup said in the Assembly that, though the relation between landlords and tenants were not good, whenever an opportunity came landlords never lagged behind in protecting the rights of the tenants. Unfortunately, such opportunities never come.

A great pity!

* * * *

The tenants are a perverse lot, for they object to protection by rising in revolt against their protectors, as in the U. P. So the main industry of landlords now is protecting their annual revenues rather than their tenants.

* * * *

Warren Hastings' ascension is proceeding apace. He has now become not only the founder of the Indian Empire, but also a great prophet, who, unfortunately for him, was not honoured in his own country while alive.

* * * *

But posthumous honours have come to him in plenty, for Hastings is said to have told a German lady that India will be lost precisely in the same way as Britain lost America, "through people in Parliament—in no other way."

* * * *

We don't suspect that even Warren Hastings had in mind such great geniuses as Churchill, or Lloyd, or Lloyd George. Yet, his gift of prophecy seems to be rather uncanny. When two such great minds as M. K. Acharya and Hastings agree—the thing becomes inevitable.

* * * *

All the same, great researchers are now busy finding out as to who exactly said it—whether Hastings, or Clive. We humbly suggest that a school-ship should be founded, and a German, preferably Nazi, should be asked to carry out the necessary research work.

* * * *

Boribunder says that one of the first duties of a Government is to better the condition of the rural masses. Good gracious! Haven't they been busy at it all these years in North Kanara, in U. P., in Gujarat, and are the rural masses not seething with gratitude? Why doubt it?

FAILURE TO REPLY TO RECENT NOTE

"Final Protest" Of Manchukuo Government

APOLOGY FOR OFFICIALS' ACTIVITIES AND PUNISHMENT OF GUILTY MEN DEMANDED

HARBIN, Sept. 10.

Relations between Manchukuo and the Soviet are approaching the breaking point, owing to the Soviet's failure to reply to the recent Manchukuoan note, protesting against the Frontier incidents.

The "final protest" has now been sent, warning them with "serious consequences" unless prompt response is received.

The note demands from the Soviet apology for the O. G. P. U. officials' activities, and the punishment of guilty officials.—Reuter.

The recent Manchukuoan note referred to above was mentioned in the following message, dated Harbin, August 26:—

"An ominous protest has been sent by the Manchukuo Government to the Soviet Consul-General regarding alleged raids by the O. G. P. U. Cavalry across the Frontier.

If the raids do not cease immediately, the protest declares, "the consequences will be most serious." The protest cites seventeen distinct raids into Manchukuo territory, north-west of Taheiho, which, the authorities state, have resulted in numerous murders, burning of buildings and robberies."

BANDITS DERAIL TRAIN AND KIDNAP PASSENGERS

Sensational Outrage Near Chinese Station Where Passengers And Crew Are Fired On And Terrified Into Submission

HARBIN, Sept. 10.

A giant kidnapping exploit was staged when bandits ambushed a passenger train near Pogranitchnaya by unbolting the rails and causing the train to crash.

Then they terrified the passengers with a fusillade of bullets and pillaged the train.

The bandits kidnapped all the passengers and crew.

The Manchu guard decamped to hills.—Reuter's Special.

KABUL TRIPLE MURDER

German School Teacher Handed Over To Police

SIMLA, Sept. 9

The names of the victims of Kabul triple murder outrage are Mr. G. H. Stranger, the Garrison Superintendent, Syed Irshad Hussain Mirmunshi and Yakub, the driver.

It is understood that the murderer who is alleged to be Mohammad Azim and who is a teacher in a German School at Kabul has been handed over to the Afghan police.—A. P.

GRAND PRIX ACCIDENT

Three Famous Drivers Killed In Terrible Car Collision At Milan

MILAN, Sept. 10.

A terrible accident marred the Monza Grand Prix. Four cars collided, fatally injuring the famous Italian drivers, Campari and Borzacchini, and injuring two others

WON BY FRENCHMAN

(LATER).—The famous French driver Count Czaikowski was burnt to death, when a Bugatti overturned in the Monza Grand Prix which was won by the Frenchman, Le Houz driving a Bugatti.—Reuter's Special.

EINSTEIN IN LONDON

LONDON, September 10.

Following the recent reports that Nazis have put a price on his head and he is unsafe in Belgium, Professor Einstein, who had been living at Coqsurmer near Blankenberghe, unexpectedly arrived in London last night. He will stay for some weeks in the English countryside.—Reuter.

SECURING JUSTICE

Move To Get Communal Award Amended

HINDU M. L. As. UNITE

Committee Appointed To Present Case To "Joint" Delegates.

SIMLA, Sept 10.

A meeting of the Hindu members of the Legislature was held in the Assembly buildings this afternoon to discuss the Communal Award when the following resolutions were passed:

(a) That suitable steps be taken in consultation with Hindu bodies and leaders to amend the Communal Award so as to secure justice for the Hindu community;

(b) That Hindu members associated with the Joint Parliamentary Committee be requested to represent Hindu point of view;

(c) That a committee consisting of Messrs. S. C. Mitra, Bhai Parmanand, Lahiri Choudhury and Jaggannath Aggarwal be appointed to draft a statement for presentation of the case of the Hindu community to members of the Joint Parliamentary Committee.

Those present at the meeting were Mr. Jaggannath Aggarwal, Mr. B. R. Puri, Bhai Parmanand, Hon'ble Raja Raghunandan Prasad, Mr. S. C. Mitra, Mr. B. N. Misra, Mr. Lalchand Navalrai, Mr. Jog, Mr. Satyendranath Sen, Mr. Anklesaria, Mr. R. S. Pandit, Mr. Ranga Iyer, Mr. B. Das, Rao Bahadur M. C. Raja, Mr. Lahiri Choudhury, Seth Liladhar Choudhury, Mr. Hariraj Swarup, Hon. Ranganayakulu Naidu, Hon. Vellingiri Ghounder, Mr. Bhupatsingh, Mr. K. C. Neogy and Mr. Thampan.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

POLISH BALLOONISTS ORDEAL.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.

Two Polish competitors in the Gordon-Bennett Balloon Race who were missing for six days and who since ascended, arrived at Riviere-a-Pierre. They were none the worse for their ordeal, except for hunger and fatigue as a result of 90-mile tramp from the landing place in a dense forest.—Reuter.

DE VALERA'S RETORT.

DUBLIN, Sept. 10.

A retort to the United Ireland manifesto was made by Mr. De Valera at Dundalk. He said that Ireland was facing a grave crisis, and if we would lose the economic war we would face the future without hope.

Cosgrave and O'Ducy had done their utmost to bring defeat. Even to-day they could help end the economic war, by ceasing the campaign against our own country. "We want peace with England and at home."—Reuter.

OPPOSITION OF U. S. TO NEW PRESIDENT.

NEW YORK, Sept 10

There is perfect order throughout Cuba since the election of Doctor Grau Sanmartin, President of the Republic, but it is understood that he will not be acceptable to the United States who regard him as a product of revolution, and nine more destroyers have been despatched to Cuba to swell the already formidable total of naval vessels.—Reuter.

Gandhi-Nehru Conference

Jawharlal Will Make Statement At End Of Conversation

POONA, September 10.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had important conversations with Gandhiji this morning. No other leaders were present. The conversations had to be stopped on account of Gandhiji's silence which he commenced at 11-30 a.m.

Pandit Jawaharlal when interviewed by pressmen stated that he did not want to make any statement while his conversations with Gandhiji were proceeding but he hoped to do so at the end of his conversations. He is expected to be here till Tuesday.

WILL A.I.C.C. BE CALLED?

Asked if he would be calling a meeting of the All-India Congress Committee, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that he had not considered the matter yet. He had a telegram since his arrival in Poona that his mother's condition which was serious when he left her was not as bad now.

Mrs. Naidu was at Parnakuti only for a short time.

It is stated that Gandhiji would be going out for prayer on Monday evening to the Servants of India Society's premises, where he has been invited.—A.P.

GANDHIJI TO LAY FOUNDATION STONE?

Ahmedabad City Fathers & New Library Building

AHMEDABAD, September 10.

A movement is afoot to extend an invitation on behalf of the municipality to Gandhiji to lay the foundation stone of the building for the library which Gandhiji has presented to the municipality when he disbanded the Ashram.

The site has already been purchased by the municipality for Rs. 35,000.

It appears that Gandhiji will consent to lay the foundation stone if it is convenient for him to do so.—A.P.

RELENTLESS WAR ON FOOD FAKERS CONTINUES

City Health Officers Raid 170 Shops On Sunday Morning Taking Away Samples For Testing

A sensational raid on butter and ghee "fakers" (the latter in particular) was carried out on Sunday morning when over 170 shops were visited by Dr. J. S. Nerurker, Executive Health Officer, Bombay, assisted by the Assistant Health Officers of the various wards in the City.

The samples taken by the Health Officer will be analysed on Monday and prosecutions will be launched against those whose samples have been found adulterated.

It will be remembered that a Butter Manufacturers' Aossciation was lately formed in the City, as a result of the persistent campaign carried on in the "Chronicle" to combat this menace to public health, and to ensure the supply of pure butter to the public.

As a result of the persistent campaign carried on in the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" to suppress the sale of adulterated butter and ghee in the City of Bombay, an Association was formed by the butter manufacturers in the City to end this menace. The Bombay Municipality have also strengthened the sinews of war against the butter fakers, as is evidenced in the series of prosecutions to which wide publicity has been given.

Dr. J. S. Nerurker, the Executive Health Officer, had organised and carried out several surprise "raids" in the past. But the one which was brought off, on Sunday morning, when no less than 170 shops and depots in the City were inspected, and samples obtained, is an indication of the fact that the Municipial Health Officer is determined to stamp out this grave scandal from our midst.

The Assistant Health Officers of each ward with their Inspectors were in readiness at various appointed centres to accompany Dr. J. S. Nerurker when he visited the shops in their respective Wards. This tour of inspection caused consternation among butter fakers and ghee merchants, particularly in view of the recent disclosures made in the Police Courts in the City.

UNLICENSED VENDORS.

The Municipality must have obtained by now a complete list of those who are manufacturing adulterated butter in the City, as well as the names of unlicensed vendors. Perhaps, the raid on Sunday morning was directed against unlicensed vendors of ghee and butter as it is they who have been responsible for flooding the market with adulterated ghee and butter.

ASSOCIATION MEMBERS.

It is a noteworthy fact that the Association of Butter Manufacturers sponsored by the members whose list is given below, are all licensed butter manufacturers, against whom no cause for complaint has been so far found. Any complaints from the public should be addressed to the Secretary of the Association, at 142, Lamington Road, (Premier Dairy Co.), Bombay 7.

The following is the list of members of the Association who have given a written guarantee to sell pure butter:—Albert Dairy Co.; Australian Dairy Co.; Carlisle Dairy Co.; Champion Dairy Co.; Empress of India Dairy Co.; Globe Dairy Co.; Imperial Dairy Co.; Indian Industrial and Dairy Farm; Indo-British Dairy Co.; Indo-Colonial Dairy Co.; Indo-Continental and Creamery Dairy Co.; Infants and Public Milk Supply Co.; Morton's Butter Depot; Newton Manufacturing Co. (Byculla Dairy Co.); Noble Dairy Co.; Parisian Dairy Co.; Persian Dairy Co.; Polson Manufacturing Co.; Premier Dairy Co.; Staffad and Co.; Star of India Dairy Co. and Wilson Manufacturing Co.

The Office-bearers of the Association are Mr. Byramji Cowasji, President; Mr. S. S. Mistry, Vice-President; Mr. P. S. Lobo, Honorary Treasurer and Mr. L. Joseph, Secretary.

The Bombay Municipality will be doing the right thing if they suppress all unlicensed depots and illicit manufacurers, so that the public may be assured they are purchasing their supplies from dealers who have been licensed by the Bombay Health Department.

CABINET RE-APPOINTED

Week's Mourning Observed All Over Iraq, Transjordania And Syria

ANTI-BRITISH SCENE

Faisal's Body In Brindisi Awaiting Arrival Of British Cruiser To Take It To Haifa.

BAGHDAD, Sept. 10.

King Ghazi, who has already assumed his responsibilities, has re-appointed the Premier and all his Cabinet Ministers to the posts held under late King Feisal.

Meanwhile the week's mourning for Feisal is observed in every town and village, throughout the country, and also in Trans-Jordania and Syria, where Feisal's death (he was King of Syria) is an excuse for a small anti-British demonstration in a mosque at Aleppo.

However, the French authorities are taking steps to prevent any further trouble.

Feisal's body is now in Brindisi, awaiting arrival of the British cruiser "Despatch" which will convey it to Haifa.—Reuter.

EMIR GHAZI'S REPLY TO KING

Hopes Friendly Relations Will Be Strengthened

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Replying to His Majesty the King's message of condolence, Emir Ghazi has wired to the King from Baghdad, earnestly hoping that friendly Anglo-Iraq relations will be further strengthened in future.—Reuter.

U. S. COTTON CONTROL PLAN

Limits 1934 Acreage To 25 Million

WASHINGTON, September 9.

It is announced that the farm adjustment administration will embark on cotton control plan limiting 1934 acreage to 25 million acres.—Reuter's Special.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department. The 'Bombay Chronicle'," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

A Bombay educated Hindoo girl of 24 desires marriage with a man of 30 well placed in life, "Maharastrians" preferred (No caste restriction). Apply with full particulars, photo if possible Box No. 1176, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Organisers on pay of Rs. 75 monthly to sell Gramophone, Harmonium, Day Light, Cycle, etc., on instalment. Show room will be furnished without Cash Security. Apply to Wilton and Co., Post Box No. 2137, Calcutta.

Wanted clerks, overseers, doctors, engineers, law graduates, typists, stenographers and suboverseers to consult with Kapoor and Co., Employment Suppliers, Delhi. (1198)

12. TO BE LET.

All sides open first floor, sea view. Large drawing, sitting, dining, four bed rooms attached baths, kitchen, etc. Rs. 275. Also one large corner room with bath, separate entrance, Rs. 40 Apply 40, Ridge Road. (1195).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Public Service Commission Examination—To be held on November 27. For particulars and necessary books please apply to:—Messrs. Beddi and Messwood, Prim Rose, Simla. (1133).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Rules Study will increase wealth and will give employment. Wanted Agents with canvassing capacity. Commission or pay 50, 100. Apply with full particulars:—Banking Industrial Syndicate Ltd., Fort, Bombay. (1201).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Cheap Loans to Needy Families, Consult, the Dwarkabai Memorial Savings and Loans Office, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar. (1197).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 223, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted sound parties as monopolized District agents all over India for Ten lucrative, fast selling American Products: Inter-Tropical Supply Agency, Bunder Road, Karachi. (1189).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

100,000 Clients tried, Miraculous Foretelling, Testimonials highest. Annual Reading Re. 1. 5 Years' Rs. 2/8. State Birth particulars or writing time. Kallinga Astrological Bureau, Vizianagram. (7223)

116. CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Situation wanted by an experienced Chemist with knowledge of buying, selling, dispensing, correspondence, accounts and dressing work also. For salary, testimonials and other details apply to Box No. 1093, "Bombay Chronicle."

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion ..	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns.

Notice To Jurymen

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMON JURY, summoned to attend the High Court Criminal Sessions on MONDAY, the 11th day of September, 1933, are required to attend at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of the same day and not at 11-30 o'clock as mentioned in the foot-note of the summons

HUGH G. COCKE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 8th September, 1933.
7215

Imperial Bank of India

SAVINGS BANK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Rate of Interest on Savings Bank Accounts and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts will be REDUCED to 2 p.c. per annum with effect from the 18th September, 1933.

J. G. RIDLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 9th September, 1933.
7220

Public Notices

The Bombay Schools Committee.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the public of F and G Wards that, the work of taking the Annual Census of all children below 11 years of age (except the boys and girls of Europeans and Anglo-Indians) in both the wards as required by Rule No. 5 of the Rules prescribed by Government in this behalf will commence from 11th of SEPTEMBER, 1933. The Office of the Special Attendance Officer, F and G Wards, Bombay, who is in charge of the work, is located in the Gilder Tank, Municipal Building, Lamington Road, Bombay (7). The public is requested to co-operate with the Attendance Officer and his staff.

MALINI B. SUKTHANKAR,
Chairman,
Schools Committee, Bombay.
Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Municipal Building,
Lamington Road, Grant Road,
Bombay, dated 9th Sept., 1933.
7221

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Under instructions from Mr. Mohanlal M. Shah and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Charles F. Stevens, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) MONDAY, the 11th September, 1933, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

1 Bow Brooch set with diamonds.
1 Bar Brooch set with diamonds
1 Clustered ring set with emerald and diamonds
1 ring set with sapphire and diamonds.

The above is on view. A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT MOUNT ROAD, MAZAGAON.

Under instructions from Messrs Shroff & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and at the risk of the Executors of the Mortgagor the late Mr. Sorabji Edulji Warden in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees by an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 17th January, 1919 ,Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) MONDAY, the 11th September, 1933, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of leasehold land with dwelling houses at Mount Road, Mazagon, formerly admeasuring about 2924 sq. yds. but now about 2892 sq. yds. bearing Street Nos. 157, 157B, 157C, 157D and bounded on the East by a public passage on the west partly by Mount Road and partly by other property belonging to the estate of Sorabji E. Warden, on the North partly by the property of Pragji Dayal Hariani, partly by other property belonging to the estate of Sorabji E. Warden and partly by Rose Cottage Lane, and on the South by the property formerly of Sorabji Cawasji Powalla but now of Helal bin Fajhan.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Shroff & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office 375, Hornby Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 17th September, 1933, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 17 Queen's Road, next to St. Elizabeth Nursing Home, valuable household furniture, such as, dining table, chairs, sideboard, chesterfield drawing room suites, show-cases, corner cabinets, bedsteads, dressing tables, writing tables, wardrobes, teapoys, book-stand, screen, dressing chest of drawers, cupboards, cheval glass, etc., one 6 cyclinder "Minerva" Saloon car in perfect running order.

The property of Captain P.A. Brooke, R.A.

Catalogues will be published and furniture on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT AND CO.

Public Notices

Bombay Telephone Company, Ltd.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS and REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be closed from the 25th September to the 7th October, 1933 (both days inclusive).

R. H. PARKER.
General Manager & Secretary.
Bombay, 5th September, 1933.
7213

AUCTION SALES

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) 12th instant at 10-30 a.m (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, next to Vianelli's Restaurant of Household and office furniture, tilting suit, ice chest, A.C. fans, chandeliors, cabinet-gramophone, Singer machine, hall clock, wardrobes, show cases, Remington typewriter, glassware, etc., on view.

VORA & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave.
Calcutta Maru	6,339	17 Sep	27 Sep
Malacca Maru	5374	30 Sep.	10 Oc.
Bengal Maru	5396	18 Oct	28 Oct
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct.	13 Nov.

*Passenger steamer with excelle. accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS.

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Hakone Maru	10600	18 Sept.
Suwa Maru	10700	4 Oct
Fushimi Maru	11000	17 Oct

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON.

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo
Hakusan Maru	10500	13 Sep.
Haruna Maru	10500	27 Sept.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons	Hongkong
Chichibu Maru	17000	4 Oc.
Tatsuta Maru	17000	18 Oct

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Kobe
Heian Maru	11600	2 Oc.
Hikawa Maru	11600	21 Oct

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Cox's Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279: Telegrams "YUSEN."

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES Between

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via Malabar.
2. Rangoon Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

RAVAL CEMENT TILES

ARE BEST
Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

HERNIA

CENT PER CENT CURE WITHOUT OPERATION

Apply for Prospectus:—
Dr. H. C. ROY.
91, Amherst Street, Calcutta.

Income Tax & Super Tax

Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
Telephone No. 22997.
B. L. THOSAR
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
495-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

STOP THAT COLD with VAPEX INHALANT

TRADE MARK

Colds are caused by germs breathed into the respiratory tract when the victim is "below par." The inhaling of the antiseptic vapour of VAPEX kills the cold germs and attacks the cold at its source.

A drop of VAPEX on your handkerchief and on your pillow gives day and night protection or relief.

Perfect Stimulant Of Vitality

SHUKRAL

Increase vitality and youthfulness. Gives immediate success in all cases of Neurasthenia, General Debility, Loss of Vigour and all the physical and mental troubles of premature old age. It tones the nervous system, strengthens the body, refreshes the memory and brain power.

SHUKRAL—infuses strength into nerves, muscles and vitality in the Body. Price Rs. 2. Three bottles Rs. 5.

DAVE CHEMICAL WORKS,
Kalbadevi, Bombay & Ahmedabad.

Commencing 9th Sept.

EAST INDIA Film Co., Calcutta's Sparkling Talkie—
—Urdu Romance

AURAT KA PYAR

A LOVE OF WOMAN!!

Featuring
MUKHTAR BEGUM
ANWARI BAI, BACHAN
MAZAHAR KHAN, etc.,
at

GLOBE TALKIES

SANDHURST ROAD.

Time:
5-15, 8, & 10-45
Fri., Sat., Sun.
& Holidays at 2-45.

4th and the Last Week

The last opportunity to see and hear the great picture of

PRABHAT CINETONE, KOLHAPUR

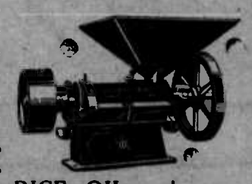
SINHGAD

featuring
Miss LEELA, late Miss PRABHAVATI,
BABURAO PENDHARKAR,
Master VINAYAK, SHINDE,
BHONSALE, DHYBER & others.
at the

KOHINOOR CINEMA, Dadar.

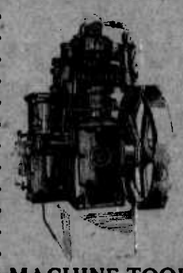
(the favourite talkie house of the Bombay-Suburbites)
Daily at 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
HALF RATES FOR STUDENTS
Matinee on Tuesday at 2-30 p.m.

FOR SALE Rice Hullers Polishers



RICE, OIL and FLOUR MILLS.

CROSSLEY OIL ENGINES.



MACHINE TOOLS, &c.
Prices greatly reduced
Apply Sole Agents.
Eruch D. Engineer & Co
Apollo Street, Bombay.

KAMALA SNOW for THE SKIN & COMPLEXION

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

YOUR FUTURES

Simply send us a post card with the name of any flower together with your name and address. And we shall send you by V.P.P. for Re. 1/- only (Postage extra) a detailed account of your forthcoming 12 months; showing among other things, profit and loss in business promotion, transfer and reduction in service, births, marriages, happiness and other bodily ailments. Directions will also be sent to safeguard yourself from the coming evil influences of the stars. A trial will convince you of the accuracy of our prophecies. Note:—A reward of Rs. 100 shall be awarded to any challenging our statement.

PROF. G. SHUNKAR,
Post Box No. 72, LAHORE.

Second Glorious Week!

—BUT STILL THE RUSH IS ON!!!

Book in advance to avoid disappointment.
(PLANS AT S. ROSE AND CO, and at the Theatre))

The CARLTON

TO-DAY AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Matinees on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY at 3-30 p.m.

"CAVALCADE"

NOEL COWARD'S PICTURE OF THE GENERATION
With
DIANA WYNYARD, CLIVE BROOK
and A Magnificent cast of 3,500.

AWAKENING AMONG MYSORE MUSLIMS

Educational, Economic And Ladies' Conferences In Dasara Week

Mr. G.A. Basith, General Secretary, Reception Committee, Mysore State Muslim Conference in the course of an appeal to Muslims writes as follows:—

The fourth session of the Mysore State Muslim Conference is going to be held on the 22nd of September onwards in the town of Chikmagalur. Along with it and under its auspices there will be held Mysore State Masajid Conference, Educational Conference, Economic Conference and Muslim Ladies Conference.

Janab Sir Khazi Abdul Razack Shariff of Bangalore city, will preside over the Masajid Conference and Janab Nawab Gulam Ahmed Kalami will guide the deliberations of the Educational Conference.

Janab Syed Ismail Saheb, M.L.C., a leading economist and a pioneer in modern industrial activity in South India and Deccan has kindly consented to preside over the Economic Conference. Begum Fatima Be Bee, Superintendent of Urdu girls' school of Bombay Corporation is approached to conduct the proceedings of the Muslim Ladies' Conference. All these conferences are likely to go on for four to five days. With a view to create facilities to all Muslims of the State, conference dates have been fixed in the Dasara week.

Separate arrangements are being made for accommodation of Muslim ladies and facilities will be created for separate kitchens if needed.

AMELIORATING LOT OF HARIJANS

Scholarship Increased To Rs. 400 Per Month

The report of the activities of the Board for the months of July & August 1933 is as under:—

At a meeting of the Board held on the 21st July 1933, it was decided that the attention of the Board should be directed towards purely constructive aspect of the work and that the funds at their disposal should be utilised mostly for the same purpose.

In view of this revised policy the Board only such activities will now be taken up by the Board as will ameliorate the conditions of Harijans, both morally and and materially.

The first step to implement this revised policy during the months under report was the raising of the monthly allotment of Rs. 200/- ear-marked for scholarship to Rs. 400/- The whole amount is being distributed to deserving Harijan students, their number being as under:

Students receiving monthly scholarship only	30
Students receiving monthly scholarships and lump sum grants for books etc.	51
Students who received only lump sum grants	48
College students receiving either term fees or monthly scholarship	3
College students receiving term fees along with lump sum grants for books	2
	134

The above number includes two Art Students of the J. J. School of Art and six lady students. The Board also give monthly help to a Harijan boy who is at present serving his apprenticeship under a well established outfitter of Bombay.

It may also be mentioned that the Board have secured free ships for 14 Depressed Class students at different institutions in the City.

CROPS IN KHANDESH

SAILU, Sept. 8.

Messrs. Tejpal Khimjee & Co., writes:—

During the whole fortnight remaining hot and dry, with slight rain in the night time. Though the plants did not require more rain, the last rain have done no damage except in lower fields on account of excessive heat. Throughout the whole line the rain has been more than sufficient and consequently it has done more or less damage. Rain as follows:—

This fortnight	3/0
Total up to date	27/50
Last year this time	22/67

500,000 SEE HOLY RELIC

TREVES. (By Mail.)

Over half a million pilgrims have visited the Holy Coat of Christ during the first two weeks that the relic has been exhibited in the Cathedral. The pilgrimage will continue until the middle of September. Thousands of the visitors came from abroad.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 7, 1989
Muslim: Jama-dil-Aval 20, 1352
Parsi: Farvandin 5, 1303.
Sun rise: 6h. 25m.
Sunset: 6h. 46m.
Hightide: 4-08, 15-04.
Lowtide: 9-30, 21-50.
PHASES OF THE MOON: New Moon 19th September 11h. 51m. p.m. Last Quarter 12th September 3h. 0m. a.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
TUESDAY, September 12.
Khordad Sal. Public Holiday. Banks closed.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Selection of Indian Music.
12-30 p.m. Selection of European Music.
1 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.
6 p.m. Relay of Music from Pathe Cinema.
6-30 p.m. News available.
Indian Programme: Sponsored by H.M.V. Gramophone Co., Ltd.
8 p.m. Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.
Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
8-45 p.m. News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current rates.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
9 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. "Here and There" by The Globetrotter.
9-30 p.m. Rossetti and his Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra. (In the Studio).
11 p.m. God Save the King Emperor.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m. Transmission on an omni-directional aerial: 11-0 Cinema Organ Recital; 11-45 Orchestral Concert; 12-45—1 An Orchestral Concert (gramophone records).
7 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.
7-15 p.m. Sports Talk.
7-30 p.m. Colin Wark presents Troise and the Mandoliers.
8-15 p.m. The Northern Studio Orchestra, directed by John Bridge, from a Manchester studio. Ettienne Davies (soprano). (Time Signal from Greenwich at 3 p.m.)
9-15 p.m. "Tunes we all know", a recital of gramophone records, by Christopher Stone.
9-45 p.m. Dance Music by Jack Payne with his Orchestra.
10-30 p.m. "Irish Memories", an interlude of gramophone records.
10-45 p.m. News Bulletin.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

IMPERIAL—"Miss 1933". Time as usual.

CAPITOL—"The Sin of Madelon Claudet" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"Cavalcade." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Madame Butterfly." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Hallelujah I am A Tramp." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Aurat-Ka-Pyar." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Kurukshetra" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

ROXY—"The Little Demozel. Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Noor-e-Iman." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

THE BOMBAY NAMDEO CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY LTD.—The Fourteenth Annual General Meeting of the Society will be held at 9 p.m. to-day-Monday at the Society's Office, 1st Carpenter Street, near Madhav Baug, Bombay.

THANKSGIVING MASS.—The Annual Thanksgiving Mass of the Catholic Staff of the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay Circle, will be offered on Tuesday the 12th instant, at 9 a.m. at the Chapel of Our Lady of the Mount, Bandra Hill, Bandra. The Rev. Fr. V. Gracias, D. D. will preach on the occasion.

RAHNUMA-I-MAZDAYASNAN SABHA.—Under the auspices of the Rahnuma-i-Mazdayasnan Sabha a lecture will be delivered at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall, (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort), to-day (Monday), at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. Sohrab Jamshedji Balsara, M.A. will speak on "Zoroastrian Prayer".

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION:—Mr. Hemchandra Narsingh will lecture in Hindi at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, (French Bridge, Chowpatty) to-day Monday at 6-30 p.m. Subject:—"Ramayan Rahasya."

CHARACTER IS KEY TO SUCCESS.—Pandit Dwijendranathji will deliver a public lecture in Mandvi Arya Samaj Mandir to-day Monday at 6-30 (S.T.) p.m. on "Character is key to success"

LECTURES ON HYGIENE.—Under the auspices of the Bombay Sanitary Association a series of 10 lectures on Prevention of Infectious Diseases illustrated with cinema films and magic lantern slides will be delivered by Mr. C. K. R. Panikker, in Girgaon English High School at Thakurdwar commencing from to-day, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.). Lectures are open to the public

PROMOTION OF SHIPPING KNOWLEDGE.—Captain J. C. Richards, will deliver a public lecture on "Ships and Shipping in the late Eighties" to-day Monday at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, when all are cordially invited to attend. Mr. S. J. Pandya, Manager of The Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., will preside over the meeting".

RAHIMTULLA FREE DISPENSARY:—The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 2nd September was 454; of these 304 were males and 150 females.

COMFORT

The feeling of being in friendly surroundings..of being welcome..of knowing that every wish is cared for .....

COMFORT IN ENTERTAINMENT

This is the objective of

THE REGAL

The Theatre Magnificent

—OPENING VERY SOON—

CITIZENS OF BOMBAY!

WE WANT YOUR VERDICT

—in the case of a woman who gave health, beauty, love—to become a lowly beggar in the streets—so that she could make her son a man the world would be proud to have

COME TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

To Bombay's Leading Talkie House

THE CAPITOL

AND DECIDE ON WHAT THE WORLD SAID WAS

THE SIN OF MADELON CLAUDET

M.G.M.'S GREAT EMOTIONAL DRAMA OF UNDYING MOTHER LOVE

More Soul-Searing than "Madame X"

Starring

HELEN HAYES

WINNER OF THE ACADEMY AWARD FOR HER ROLE IN THIS PICTURE FOR THE—

WORLD'S BEST ACTING!

The entire career of a girl From innocence to experience

Also showing

LATEST NEWS BY AIR MAIL

BOOK NOW & ENSURE YOUR SEATS

PARSIS WIN FIRST ROUND IN SIND CRICKET

"The Rest" Compelled To Follow On Make Poor Show, Falling Victims To Deadly Bowling Of Palsetia And Irani

KARACHI, Sept. 10.

Attendance was better to-day, as the play was resumed in the Sind Cricket Pentangular Tournament. "The Rest" were asked to follow on, by Parsis and they played for a safety-first game.

B. Abrahams and H. Fernandez faced Palsetia and Rani who sent red-hot deliveries, keeping runs in check. Palsetia drew the first blood, Abrahams being caught behind the wicket (12-1-15).

W. Mascarenhas joined H. Fernandez. The latter's wicket was shattered by Irani (16-2-7).

Mascarenhas who got a life punished Minwalla who took charge of the bowling, sending two balls to the ropes. Mascarenhas was dismissed by Palsetia with a straight ball (51-3-34). The out-going batsman's breezy innings was characterised by judicious admixture of speed and skill.

"The Rest" again suffered a reverse. D'Souza and P. Fernandez being cheaply dismissed. The former was caught (67-4-10) and latter was l.b.w., the successful bowler being Palsetia (67-5-0).

A century was telegraphed after 105 minutes' play.

PALSETIA'S DEADLY BOWLING.

The Parsis won the first round of the tournament, beating "The Rest" with a comfortable margin of nine wickets. The Hannah-Franco partnership was the purple patch before the interval, but the former's impatience cost him his wicket, Palsetia adding another feather to his cap (116-7-2).

When the stumps were drawn for lunch the score was 128 for seven. Parsi bowlers renewed their onslaught under sweltering heat. Palsetia again playing the part of the hero. Franco was sent to the pavilion within 12 minutes from the start (137-8-24).

J. V. Castell, "The Rest" skipper, was run out (138-9-1).

Harris flogged the bowlers mercilessly being ressopplan in aggressiveness. His was the last flicker before sunset, being caught on long-field (157-10-29). His sparkling innings included five boundaries.

PARSIS WIN.

With 44 runs to win, the Parsis started on their second innings sedately, with A. M. Irani and Mavalwalla. After 35 minutes' play Mavalwalla was caught in the slips (30-1-13). Kavasji and A. M. Irani remained unbeaten till the score was carried to fifty. Parsis thus winning by nine wickets.

Score:

"THE REST" SECOND INNINGS.

B. Abrahams, c D. J. Mobed b Palsetia	5
H. Fernandez, b S. K. Irani	7
W. Mascaranhas, b Palsetia	34
A. D'Souza c D. J. Mobed, b S. K. Irani	10
A. D. J. Fernandez b S. K. Irani	30
P. Fernandez, l.b.w., b Palsetia	0
A. Franco, b Palsetia	24
H Hannah, b Palsetia	12
J. Harris c N. S. Mobed, b S. K. Irani	29
J. Castell, run out	1
F. Fernandez, not out	2
Extras	3
Tota:	157

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	W.	R.	M.
Palsetia	27	7	57	5
S K Irani	24	4	68	4
M. J. Mobed	7	1	14	0
B. F. Minwalla	1	0	15	0

PARSIS: SECOND INNINGS.

A. M. Irani, not out	25
M. R. Mavalwalla, c Mascarenhas, b D'Souza	13
P. R. Kavasji, not out	6
Extras	6
Total, (for 1 wkt.)	50

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	W.	R.	M.
Castell	3	0	10	0
Harris	5	1	12	0
D'Souza	4	1	9	1
Mascarenhas	3	0	13	0

—A.P.

5 ACCUSED GET 7 YEARS R. I.

Special Magistrate Delivers Judgment In Mail Robbery Case

DACCA, Sept. 7.

Mr. S. N. Mukherji, Special Magistrate, delivered judgment today in the Shivalay armed mail robbery case, and sentenced Samarendra Bose, Rabindra Das, Jadab Chatterji, Bhupesh Ganguly and Khagendra Sirkar to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each under Section 395 of the Indian Penal Code, and to five years' rigorous imprisonment each under section 19F of the Arms Act. Samarendra Bose and Rabindra Das were further sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each under section 397 of the Indian Penal Code. The sentences will run concurrently.

HISTORY OF CASE.

The prosecution case was that on June 13 last, when the mail coach from the Shivalay Sub-Post Office was carrying the mail to Manikganj, it was attacked by the accused on the point of revolver and automatic pistol. The mail bags were taken out and cut open in an adjoining field. The accused then ran away with a number of insured letters on bicycles. The driver of the mail coach chased two culprits, who were ultimately arrested by villagers with a revolver and some insured covers at a distance of three miles from the place of occurrence.

ANOTHER SURRENDER

A couple of days after the occurrence, another accused surrendered to the Manikganj police with an automatic pistol and made a confessional statement. Other accused were subsequently arrested by the police and four of them made confessional statements before the Sub-Divisional Officer of Manikganj.

They retracted their statements and pleaded not guilty before the Special Magistrate.—A. P.

NEW NOMINATED M L C.

The resignation of Mr. D MacLachlan of his office of member of the Legislative Council of Bombay, with effect from the 8th September has been accepted and in his place Mr. C W A Turner has ben nominated.

CRISIS IN COAL TRADE

Agreement For Restriction Of Output To Be Reached In Few Days

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

It is understood that negotiations are proceeding among all the sections of coal traders in the British India to chalk out a programme for reviving the trade from the present crisis. As a result of the negotiations between the Indian Mining Association and the Indian Mining Federation, it is understood, a common programme has been evolved which the two bodies would consider before taking final action on it.

APPEAL TO GOVT.

The most important feature of the programme is the proposal for the restriction of the output of coal. The points of difference between the two bodies, it is learned, have practically disappeared as a result of the negotiations and there is every likelihood that an agreement will be reached in the course of the next few days.

It is now in contemplation that, after the agreement is reached and the two bodies have considered it, a request will be made to the Government of India to legislate on the lines of the tea restriction scheme.—A.P.

POLICE INSPECTOR-GENERAL ENGAGED

LONDON, (By air Mail)

The engagement was announced in mail week of Mr. Frank Herbert Fearnley Whittingstall, formerly Commissioner of Police at Rangoon, and later Deputy Inspector General of Police, Burma, to Miss Leticia Chatteck, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Chattock of Marlborough Place, N. W.

Mr. Fearnley Whittingstall is son of the Rev. H. O. and Mrs. Fearnley Whittingstall of Chalfont St. Giles, Buckinghamshire. His youngest brother, Robert, married in 1931 Miss Dorothy Thomas, daughter of the Secretary of State for the Dominions.—Reuter.

"BURIAL" AT SEA IN BOMBAY

Alleged Attempt Of Gujeraties To Dispose Of Dead Bodies Of Their Parents

Failing to get the necessary Municipal Certificate of cremation for their parents three Gujaratis were observed while attempting to throw away the dead bodies into the sea at Chowpaty.

The Gamdevi police, who were informed that some Rampuries were trying to dispose off dead bodies in a suspicious manner in the dead of the night, rushed to the Chaupaty Sea Face and found three Gujaratis with two cloth bundles, containing the bodies of their parents.

They were arrested and the bodies were removed to the morgue, where a post mortem examination was held over them.

During the enquiries, it was ascertained by the police that the three Gujaratis are the sons of the deceased couple, all of whom belonged to the Morvi State, and had been on a pilgrimage to the important religious centres in North India. They returned to Bombay on Saturday night. On the way, it appears, their parents, Manan Mawji aged 80 and his wife Dayi aged 70, had an attack of Cholera. Manan died, when the train reached the Dadar Station.

The sons put the body of the mother in a taxi and with their mother drove to Chaupaty sands, by which time the mother also died. Leaving the dead bodies tied in two different bundles of cloth, one of the brothers went to the representative of the Morvi State to get the necessary certificate for cremation. It appears that as no proper arrangements were made to get the certificates, the son returned and all the three took the bodies near the Sea Face. As they were attempting to throw them in the sea, they were noticed by a pedestrian, who informed the Gamdevi Police at 11-30 p.m.

On receiving the information Inspector Vanjara, Sub-Inspectors Podwal and Tonpe rushed to the place. The two dead bodies were removed to the morgue and the three sons were detained at the station for enquiries.

From the post mortem held it transpires that in both the cases death was due to heart failure.

AERIAL FLIGHT IN KARACHI CITY

KARACHI, Sept. 10.

Sweltering weather marred an otherwise enjoyable flight which the Trans-continental airways organised this afternoon.

A selected number of prominent citizens including Mr. Gibson, Commissioner in Sind, Mrs. Gibson, Mr. Collins Collector of Karachi, Mrs. Collins, F. Buckney, Collector of Customs, Dr. S. K. Pramanik, Meteorologist, R. T. Sing, Postmaster, A. Krishnamachari, K. T. Jhangiani, were taken in the aircraft "Aurora" one of the Company's luxuriously furnished planes which flew over the city for half an hour.—A. P.

TRADE MARK B R B

USE B. R. B.

PURE, REFINED, TASTELESS, COLOURLESS & ODOURLESS

CASTOR OIL

A sure cure for Chronic and Obstinate Constipation. Children and Adults take it easily. Only obtainable from

BELI RAM & BROS

304, Princess Street, Bombay 2. Doctors' Prescriptions Dispensed from 8-30 a.m. to 8-30 p.m.

BUY INDIAN

Economical .

MERCANTILE

Dependable .

LIFE POLICIES

, Management.

HORRIBLE SWEATING OF INDIAN WORKERS

Mr. Jamshed Mehta's Plea To Increase Economic Prosperity Of Country By Raising Standard Of Living

A fervent exhortation for the organisation of cottage industries, with a view to raise the standard of living of the poor workers who, inspite of the growth of the swadeshi movement, earned miserable wages was made by Mr. Jamshed Mehta, President of the Karachi Municipality, speaking at a public meeting, held under the auspices of the Swadeshi League, at the Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya, Bombay, on Sunday. Mrs. Malatibai Patwardhan presided.

The function marked the conclusion of the Swadeshi Festival which was inaugurated on Monday last.

Mr. Mehta declared that the gospel of Swadashi involved "ahimsa" also, and their duty did not end by merely buying Swadeshi. The impetus given to the cottage industries, he remarked, might have benefited the capitalist and the trader but there was not the slightest improvement in the condition of the workers.

SWEATING OF WORKERS.

For instance he knew of whole families of skilful workers of Moradabad who executed fine inlaid work in brass and worked from daybreak till late hours in the night, and yet earned only two annas a day. There were workers at Benares who did artistic embroidery work which involved considerable strain on their eyes, and these poor workers could only earn a pittance.

When the articles prepared by these workers came on the market they were sold off at fancy prices but how many of them realised that only an infinitesimal part of the price went to the share of the poor worker.

The speaker urged every lover of Swadeshi to help to raise the standard of living of the workers which could only be done if the cottage industries were organised properly. Swadeshi would not achieve its real aim of increasing the economic prosperity of the country if they neglected the worker and made him sweat day and night under miserable conditions for his living.

NOT A POLITICAL STUNT

Mrs. Patwardhan wound up the proceedings by declaring that Swadeshi should be a living factor in their lives. It should be practised out of conviction and not because of the blind following of any lead. Some people thought that Swadeshi was a political stunt presented to the people for the purpose of achieving the political goal of Swaraj. No doubt that Swadeshi, in its full significance, meant Freedom for India, because it meant freedom for every one of them individually and collectively. But the real purpose of Swadeshi was to relieve the economic distress from which millions of Indians suffered to-day.

SIR LALLUBHAI'S STATEMENT

At the conclusion of the meeting, Mr. V. L. Mehta, read a statement issued by Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, the President of the Bombay Swadeshi League, thanking the public for their co-operation in making the Swadeshi Festival a success.

The statement said:—

"Friends,—I desire to offer to you and through you to the public my sincere apologies for being unable on account of ill health of attending a single function during the Swadeshi Week. I also wish to take this opportunity of pressing the heart-felt thanks of the League myself to all institutions and individuals who have helped us to make the Swadeshi Week a success. Special mention may be made of our young student workers and other men and women volunteers who have ungrudingly given up their time of study and have worked with great zeal in a selfless spirit in the natural cause of industrial regeneration of the country. The Press has been as usual very helpful and sympathetic in their reviews. Our sincerest thanks are due to them also.

I have noticed in the papers two definite impressions regarding the policy of the League. One is about carrying on our propaganda amongst those who have not yet been brought into the fold of Swadeshism. We realise the importance of this kind of activity, and if we have not been able to do as much fruitful work in this direction as in others. It is due to the scarcity of workers and of funds. While it is necessary to carry the torch of Swadeshism in uncovered fields, it is equally important to keep the torch lighted and burning in converted regions.

KHADDAR—100 P.C. SWADESHI

The second suggestion that the Swadeshi League should not forget the importance of Khaddar for the economic uplift of the large members of the population living in the villages, when they are carrying on propaganda for the purchase of Indian-made goods. That Khaddar is cent per cent Swadeshi fully recognised by the League now that most of the leaders of the All-India Spinners' Association are out of jail and are likely to find time for the development of Khaddar on business lines. The League will put itself in touch with them and try to draw up a constitutional programme so that the sales of Khaddar may go on increasing regularly and that there be no necessity of using the names of Mahatmaji and his Jayanti for pushing the sales of unsold Khaddar every year.

You may be interested to learn that there is a move to transfer the headquarters of the All-India Swadeshi Sangh from Allahabad to Bombay. The venerable Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviyaji has expressed his willingness to transfer the headquarters when we have made satisfactory progress with the preliminary work, which he has asked us to do.

Thanks to Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, we have got a nucleus of funds. As soon as we are able to form a real working committee composed of members with deep abiding faith in the movement and who are prepared to work whole-heartedly for the cause, we shall request the Punditji to make arrangements for the transfer here of the headquarters of the Sangha.

INDIAN HISTORICAL RECORDS COMMISSION

The Government of India have re-appointed Mr. R.K. Ranadive, Manager, Huzur Political Office, Baroda State, as a corresponding member of the Commission for the Baroda centre for a further period of three years with effect from the 22nd August, 1933.

PATHE

3-30, 6-30 & 10

THE GREATEST OF ALL SCREEN ROMANCES

with

SYLVIA SIDNEY

CARY GRANT—CHARLIE RUGGLES

ONE OF THE WORLD'S UNDYING LOVE STORIES!

SATURDAY NEXT

THE BIGGEST THRILL EVER PRODUCED

THE CRIME OF THE CENTURY

with

JEAN HERSHOLT—WYNNE GIBSON—STUART ERWIN— FRANCES DEE

"LET KAMBLI RESIGN AND GIVE UP HIS TITLE"

Non-Brahmin Youth Conference Pour Vitriolic Philippics On Education Minister And Urges Strong Plea For Creating New Party Of Their Own Choice

The resignation of Dewan Bahadur Kambli, the non-Brahmin Education Minister, on the grounds of failure to advance the cause of free and compulsory education which would have resulted in the upliftment of the non-Brahmin community, was demanded by speakers at the Non-Brahmin Youth Conference held at Damodar Thakersey Hall, Parel, on Sunday.

"CLOSE PRESERVE."

The Conference decided upon inaugurating a new party known as the Non-Brahmin Youth Party for championing the cause of the community. Justifying the creation of the new party, the speakers said that the old Non-Brahmin party had become the close preserve of a few members of the Legislative Council who got elected with the support of non-Brahmin voters but had so far done nothing for the advancement of the community.

A police party was posted in the hall as it was feared that oppositionists to the new party might create trouble, but the Conference passed off without a hitch.

Mr. P. R. Chikodi who presided over the Conference expressed the opinion that the interests of the community would be better served by working the reforms for what they were worth. He was for according general support to the proposals contained in the White Paper.

Mr. D. K. Savant, Chairman of the Reception Committee, said that while other communities were organising themselves to fight for their political rights, the non-Brahmins were still inactive. It was therefore necessary for them to have an active organisation to fight for its cause and remarked that the old Non-Brahmin Party had become the close preserve of a few who did not really represent the views of the community.

COMING REFORMS.

In the course of his presidential address Mr. Chikodi stressed the supreme necessity of organising the Non-Brahmin movement on a sound basis in order that they should pe properly equipped to avail themselves of the opportunities afforded by the coming reforms.

He wanted to make it clear that neither the object nor the motive of the Non-Brahmin movement was the hatred of any other community, class or sect. On the other hand one of the aims of the movement was to find out the means for bridging the wide gulf that separated the Non-Brahmin community from the other advanced communities. The non-Brahmin spirit which existed to-day was not solely due to the ascendency or the domination of one sect over the others on grounds of religion. That aspect seemed to the speaker to be fast fading away and forces far more serious had now come into play and had coloured the whole social organisation. These had produced sharp differences of economic status, of environment, of education, of culture and standards of life.

WAGE EARNERS.

The bulk of the wage-earning class was drawn from the non-Brahmin community and they had capitalists who thought that the duty of the wage-earners was only to take orders and to work subject to the intervention of Government and of Trade Unions, under conditions which the employers had laid down. The existence of sharp difference between the employers and the employed produced results quite detrimental to the well-being of the society and the wage-earners were hardly afforded opportunities for the development of the best in them.

Mr. Chikodi then enumerated other grievances of the non-Brahmin community and said that in the social sphere, the community was labouring under heavy disabilities. As regards education their condition was simply pitiable. Giving figures taken from the annual report of the Department of Public Instruction for the year 1929/30 he said that although the non-Brahmins formed 57 per cent. of the total population of the Presidency the number of their pupils attending schools per square mile of population was only 55 as compared to 181 and 109 among advanced Hindus and Mahomedans respectively.

OUT-DISTANCED.

The speaker further remarked that non-Brahmins had been considerably out-distanced by Mahomedans in the matter of secondary and university education. He asked whether it was not necessary that special facilities should be provided for the progress of education among non-Brahmins on the lines of Mahomedans. Scholarships on a far more liberal scale were awarded by Government to Mahomedan students than what had been done to the non-Brahmin students. Nothing seemed to have been done to remove this grievance inspite of the fact that the educational portfolio had been held by two of the staunchest non-Brahmins.

C. D. INJURIOUS TO COUNTRY.

Continuing, the speaker said that non-Brahmins had stood aloof from the Non-Co-operation and Civil Disobedience movement not because they had not understood it but because they thought that it was injurious not only to their interests, but to the interests of the whole country. He thought that it was a happy sign that the trend of opinion even in Congress circles was gaining strength in favour of its abandonment.

In the opinion of the President the interests of the community would be best served by their helping to work out the reforms.

On the motion of Mr. G. V. Mokashe, the Conference agreed to a resolution to appoint a Committee with Mr. Chikodi as the Chairman for convening a Conference of all Non-Bdahmin parties in India for the purpose of discussing and formulating proposals in respects of the reforms contained in the White Paper. The resolution also approved generally the reforms contained in the White Paper and advised Non-Brahmins to work them for what they were worth.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

Another resolution passed by the Conference regretted that compulsory primary education had not yet been introduced in the districts. The mover of the resolution said that although they had a Non-Brahmin Education Minister he had done nothing to advance the cause of free and primary education. If he was unable to do so, he said, the Minister had better resign and give up his title of "Dewan Bahadur."

The Conference also decided upon starting the new party known as the Non-Brahmin Youth Party and adopted its constitution.

"NINE DAYS WONDER" OF RADIO

Success Of Exhibition At Olympia

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

The Radio Exhibition at Olympia created all sorts of records for the British wireless industry.

The striking success of its "Nine Days Wonder" of radio is told in the following official figures:—

£26,000,000 worth of new orders were booked.

225,000 people visited the exhibition—or 63,000 more than last year.

It is estimated that as the result of the new business, work will be found for an additional 150,000 people by the industry. The £26,000,000 worth orders for the ensuing year included:—

1,250,000 receivers.
13,000,000 batteries.
3,800,000 valves.
7,400,000 other components and accessories.

A striking feature of the exhibition was the number of all-British short-wave sets that were sold overseas. Buyers came from Morocco, New Zealand, Australia, India, Shanghai, South Africa, South America and even as far off as Fiji.—Reuter.

NUDIST CULT IN CHINA

Peasants Practise It As New Religion From Which Women Are Debarred

SHANGHAI, (By Mail)

Nudism has of late been added to China's social problems. It began in a mild way some time ago in Hongkong, where a small colony secured private property to pursue their belief in the theory of nudism.

Recently Shanghai has had to fight what threatened to become a branch of the Hongkong nudistic colony. Municipal authorities interfered at once and the movement has apparently been discouraged.

OPEN CULT.

Now, however, in a small village directly north of Shanghai (Kiangsu province) the cult of nudism is being practised openly by the peasants in the name of a new religion.

The followers of this religion believe that by discarding all clothing and reciting their prayers daily they will win eternal life. Their meeting hall is in Stone Village, and instead of cavorting in open air, they spend their time praying, singing and dancing within the confines of four dark walls.

No women are permitted to join the religion.—Reuter.

MARE ADOPTS MOTHERLESS CALF

SYDNEY, N. S. W. (By Mail.)

At Euchareena, N. S. W. a motherless calf has been adopted by a pony mare. The pony chases the children away if they attempt to fondle the calf.

When the pony has been on a journey it whinnies for the calf on nearing home, and the calf scampers across the paddock in response. The calf has to be hand fed to some extent, and the pony, which provides most of the calf nourishment, makes a great fuss while the hand-feeding is in progress.—Reuter.

100,000 PEOPLE SEE INDIAN EXHIBIT

World Grain Exhibition Success

LONDON, (By air Mail)

More than 100,000 people visited the Government of India's exhibit at the World Grain Exhibition at Regina (Canada).

The Indian Publicity Officer at Regina has reported to the High Commissioner for India in London that many of the visitors realised for the first time what an important part India plays in the international trade of the world.

Indian participation in the exhibition resulted in a spread of knowledge about India and Indian conditions.—Reuter.

ENGLAND'S CRACK RAILWAY DRIVER

Retires After 30 Years On Footplates

LONDON (By Air Mail).

One of the Malcolm Campbells of the railways has retired after 30 years at the throttle of some of England's fastest trains.

His name is Driver Arthur Miller and he has been with the London, Midland and Scottish Company for 47 years. He established several railway records while driving such famous trains as the "Maneunian," "Lancastrian" and "Comet".

Here are some of his driving feats:—

Stafford to London (133½ miles) with an eight-coach train weighing 230 tons in 120 minutes, or 66.7 miles an hour. Wilmslow (what a misnomer!) to London—177 miles with a 323-ton train in 164 minutes. The 82½ miles from Rugby to Euston was made in 71 minutes, an average of 70 miles an hour.

One journey Driver Miller remembers more vividly than any other. He arrived in London 40 minutes late because: "This was in the great blizzard on February 24 this year, when with the Lancastrian express from Manchester to London we had to fight our way through wind and snow for every inch of the journey. At Stoke-on-Trent and several places we were held up while staff freed the points, which were jammed with ice, so that we could go on. At other places we had to stop and my firemen got down from the engine to see the signals, which were obscured by the driving snow. Of all the delays we experienced on this memorable run none was debited against the engine."—Reuter.

DEAD MATCHES

Interesting Hobby Of Sydney Resident

SYDNEY, N. S. W. (By Mail.)

A resident of Surry Hills, near Sydney, has solved the problem of what to do with used matches.

He has already built a miniature house, garage, motor-car, fences, and swing out of 67,677 dead matches, and has made a bridge table with 27,425 more.

As there was an odd 2637 over, he built two ash trays and a flower stand to match the table and lighten the dull effect.

Most of the matches came from the bar of a local hotel, where they were gathered after hours.

Now that the two masterprieces have been completed, he is planning another house 9ft. by 6ft. for which he has already secured 30,000 matches, and only needs another 120,000.—Reuter.

MASS SEX EDUCATION OF CHILDREN OPPOSED

Sydney Professor Says It From Psychological Point Of View, Such Standardization Would Be Very Disturbing Factor

SYDNEY, N. S. W. (By Mail)

Strong opposition to the mass sex education of children, was expressed by Professor H. Tasman Lovell, Professor of Psychology, at the Sydney University.

"I have no sympathy whatever with any sudden attempt to direct sex matters to the attention of adolescent youth, just entering on a very difficult period," he declared.

"From a psychological point of view, such education is a very disturbing factor.

ROUSING CURIOSITY.

"The children's curiosity should be answered by talks with their parents and an indirect approach through the beauty of nature in a biological direction.

"In this way reasonable and interested thought is stimulated.

Professor Lovell, who was commenting on the statements by Professor Harvey Srtton at the Father and Son Welfare annual meeting, admitted that many parents were not in a position to give such talks to their children. Until then, he said, it seemed legitimate for Professor Harvey Sutton and others to ask for sex education on a more direct basis. But it was essential, he said, that such education be given in the proper way.

Professor Harvey Sutton had advocated mass sex education, which he said, had been demonstrated successfully in England.—Reuter.

Sympathy will not Cure DEBILITY AND ITS DIRE CONSEQUENCES BUT "ASGANDHRA" WILL

The Gold Medal Tonic with a real "kick" in it

Endorsed by Eminent Doctors—LOVED BY THOUSANDS—Sold by reputed Chemists

Available at all Chemists or from PARAGON PRODUCTS, Distributing Syndicate, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Prof. GAJJAR'S FEVER-DROPS

The wonderful and cheapest remedy for all kinds of fevers including typhoid. Perfectly harmless and has no after effects of quinine. 24 doses bottle only for 5 annas. Can be conveniently carried in a pocket.

Available at JADHAVJEE GOVARDHANDAS, AMERSEY KHIMJEE, ORIENTAL MEDICAL STORES and others, Bombay 2.

THE SOUTH INDIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN UNDER EFFICIENT INDIAN MANAGEMENT

ATTRACTIVE SCHEMES OF CHILDREN'S EDUCATIONAL AND MARRIAGE ENDOWMENTS

A GOOD EMPLOYER FOR ACTIVE AGENTS.

Bombay Branch: ISMAIL BUILDINGS, 381, Hornby Road.

HADENSA RADICALLY CURES PILES

SOLE AGENTS for INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON S. KUSHALCHAND & Co. CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS

Harmony in Beauty Aids
"4711" Tosca Perfume
The Perfume of To-day
Individual - alluring - fashionable
"4711" Tosca Eau de Cologne
The refreshment of "4711" Eau de Cologne with the fragrance of "4711" Tosca
"4711" Tosca Vanishing Cream
An ideal beauty cream and powder base
"4711" Tosca Compact and Loose Powder
For every complexion
Of pollen-like fineness
"4711" Tosca Lotion
Gives soft and fragrant hair
"4711" Tosca Brillantine
Ensures gloss and tidiness
"4711" Tosca Soap
Rich and scented lather
For bath and toilet
4711 Tosca

Representative :—ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Buildings, Bombay

TWO THINGS WORTH KNOWING

FOR YOUR EYES

ANKHI KHOOSH EYE DROP

A sure cure for:—

OPHTHALMIA, (Conjunctivitis) STYS, SORE, ITCHING or INFLAMED EYES SECRETING flakes of mucus at night. Pink eyes in Babies etc.

Stops watering eyes and clears vision.

READ THIS RECOMMENDATION.

ALL INDIA BLIND RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, 17th June, 1931.

"ANKHI-KHOOSH" is a simple and efficacious remedy in cases of an inflammatory condition of the eyes. It is bland and soothing to the eye. Motorists and travellers, who are out in the open a good deal will find it of special benefit when the eyes are tired and sore from the effects of heat, glare and dust. Its soothing properties will be found beneficial to cinema-goers.

"ANKHI-KHOOSH" is non-poisonous, and can therefore be recommended as a simple and safe remedy for use in the home.

(Sd.) R. CRAWFORD HUTCHINSON, Organising Secretary.

Price annas twelve per bottle.

For SKIN TROUBLES

SKINBOONE LOTION.

Promptly Cures

Ringworm of all kinds.
Weeping Eczema.
Infantile wet eczema.
HERPES eczema on the scalp.
Dhobi's itch,
Barber's itch.
Watering and itching blisters on the foot and on or between toes known as "Hongkong foot."
DELHI SORES, ETC.

NO OIL. NO GREASE.

Will Not Stain Clothes

It dries up on application.
Will not injure the most delicate skin.

Price—
Large size Re. 1/- per bottle.
Small size As 10 per bottle.

Stockists:—Kemp, Tho: Taylor; K. Rustom & Co.; Perry; Popular Pharmacy; Madhav Agency; M. T. Madon & C.,

INTERNATIONAL REMEDIES CO., 4 Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay.

SWADESHI

MYSORE SANDAL SOAP

It's The Best for bath

13 as per box At all Stores.
Agents:—RAMJANALLY EBRAHIM & CO.,
81, Princess Street. : : : : : BOMBAY 2

PRESIDENCY INSURANCE COMPANIES

LIFE PROVIDENT

Rs. 18 on ENDOWMENT — SPLENDID BONUS Per Annum — Rs. 15/- on WHOLE LIFE

Rs. 20 - per Rs. 1,000 for the Quadrennium in the Provident Section.
For Excellent BONUS PROSPECTS INSURE with PRESIDENCY
For Agency terms write to the Head Offices at
YORK BUILDING, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SAFELY RELY ON
AMRUTANJAN BALM
For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.
AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS

LALIMLI PURE WOOL
Ready-to-knit Yarns

for all knitting purposes in 4 oz balls.

MADE IN INDIA BY THE
CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS CAWNPORE

LOCAL AGENTS
Messrs. KAPURCHAND & Co.,
23, Princess Street,
BOMBAY.

Lalimli Materials may be obtained from all Good Dealers.

GREAT STRUGGLE AHEAD BETWEEN N. LONDON TEAMS

In Scottish League, Cowdenbeath Would Have Probably Won But Handicapped By Goal-keeper Being Injured

LONDON, Sept. 9.

There is every prospect of a great struggle in the First Division for supremacy between the rival North London teams, Arsenal and Spurs.

The Latter's splendid away victory takes them to head of the table as Arsenal were held up as a result of their drawing with Manchester City to-day at Highbury.

Fifty-thousand spectators saw Herd. Manchester's inside-right equalise Coleman's opening goal with a wonderful shot from 20 yards and Goalkeeper Moss had no chance. It must be said that Arsenal were still without Hulme and James. McCormick Spurs outside-right did a hattrick after Paterson had given Leicester lead after a hali hour's play. McCormick equalised a minute before the interval with goal-keeper not in sight.

At half-time the score-board showed one all.

SPUR'S DARING RAIDS

On resumption Spurs' dashing forwards made daring raids and McCormick scored two more goals.

LIVERPOOL MONOPOLISES GAME.

Hodgson netted for Liverpool in the second minute but two minutes later Astley equalised. Subsequently Liverpool had most of the play but their forwards lacked initiative and dash. Houghton scoring from penalty a minute before the interval gave Villa a lead of two to one at the interval.

In the second half it was against the run of play that Talbot scored for Villa.

Liverpool monopolised the game but they failed to score through their weakness in front of the goal. English scored with a brilliant header for Liverpool but Houghton netted the fourth goal for Villa whose margin of success is flattering.

PORTSMOUTH LOSE CHANCE

Portsmouth lost their chance of heading the table by their losing to Stoke to-day.

Stoke controlled the ball with more skill and Davies scored before the interval for them.

On changing over Sale scored for Stoke and Weddle for Portsmouth.

It seems strange to see Everton and Sheffield Wednesday in bottom half of the table.

Wednesday to-day in their match against Everton were quicker on the ball and the game was fast and interesting.

Thirthy-thousand spectators witnessed Ball and Burges score for Wednesday giving them lead of two goals to nil at half time.

On resumption the Everton goal-keeper was injured and he retired. Burges scored again for Wednesday but White scoring from penalty and Dean netting in a fine rally completed tally.

Sunderland's scorers were Shaw (own goal), Davis, Connor, Gurney (two) and Gallagher. Grimsby were more aggressive than Preston and Glover opened for them. Grimsby's other two goals came in the second half through Glover and Bestall.

GOAL-KEEPER INJURED

In the Scottish League, First Division, Cowdenbeath would have probably won but they were handicapped by injury to Dudgeon their goal-keeper.

The injury was serious and Dudgeon was removed to the hospital unsconscious.—Reuter's Special.

AUSTRALIANS TROUNCE OLDHAM

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The following are the results of rugby matches played under Rugby Northern Union rules to-day:-

Batley 16 Featherstone Rovers 0.
Broughton 7; Hull Kingston Rovers 12.
Castelford 26; Bramley 10.
Halifax 15; Bradford Northern 13.
Hull 25; Rochdale Hornets 16.
Hunslet 5; Swinton 20.
Keighley 6; Leeds 9.
Oldham 6; Australians 38.
Salford 17; Dewsbury 5.
St. Helens Recreation 12; Wigan 11.
Wakefield Trinity 17; Barrow 0.
Warrington 7; St. Helens 11.
York 12; Huddersfield 6.

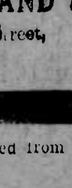
Doctors always recommend MOIST heat
Follow their advice and use
KAOPLASMA
THE MODERN PAIN KILLING PACK

Spread it over the affected part as you would butter on bread and its antiseptic and curative properties will penetrate right to the seat of the pain, bringing healing and comfort in a manner never achieved by the old-fashioned and messy linseed poultice.

The basis of *Kaoplasma* is a natural curative mud; into this is worked all manner of valuable extracts and oils making it redolent with remedial force.

Use *Kaoplasma* in Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pneumonia—for Abscesses, Strained Muscles, Bruises. In short, wherever heat is needed.

Of all Chemists and Dealers.



BURGOYNE BURBIDGES & CO. LTD
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS
LONDON. E.6. EST. 1741

LEAGUE FOOTBALL RESULTS

Aston Villa Beat Liverpool

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The following are results of football matches played in the League to-day:—

FIRST DIVISION.

Arsenal 1, Manchester City 1.
Aston Villa 4; Liverpool 2.
Blackburn 4; West Bromwich 0.
Everton 2; Sheffield Wednesday 3.
Huddersfield 0; Leeds 0.
Leicester City 1; Tottenham 3.
Middlesbrough 0; Birmingham 3.
Newcastle 1; Derby County 1.
Sheffield United 4; Chelsea 1.
Stoke 2; Portsmouth 1.
Wolverhampton 1; Sunderland 6.

SECOND DIVISION.

Blackpool 1; Port Vale 0.
Bradford 2; Bradford City 1.
Bury 0; Lincoln 2.
Fulham 1; Swansea 0.
Grimsby 3; Preston 0.
Hull 3; Millwall 2.
Manchester United 1; Boton 5.
Nottingham Forest 1; Oldham 3.
Plymouth 1; Brentford 1.
Southampton 3; Notts County 2.
West Ham 1; Burnley 2.

THIRD DIVISION (Southern Section.)

Bournemouth 1; Cardiff 3.
Bristol City 2; Swindon 2.
Charlton 4; Exeter 1.
Coventry 5; Bristol Rovers 3.
New Port 1; Aldershot 2.
Norwich 4; Brighton 3.
Queen's Park Rangers 2; Luton 1.
Reading 0; Crystal Palace 0.
Southend 2; Clapton Orient 1.
Torquay 3; Northampton 2.
Watford 2; Gillingham 1.

THIRD DIVISION (Northern Section.)

Barnsley 4; Darlington 0.
Barrow 4; Rotherham 1.
Carlisle 1; New Brighton 2.
Chester 1; York 1.
Chesterfield 4; Halifax 2.
Doncaster 4; Wallsall 0.
Hartlepools 4; Wrexham 1.
Mansfield 2; Southport 2.
Rochdale 0; Acorington 1.
Stockport 1; Crewe 1.
Tranmere 2; Gateshead 1

SCOTTISH LEAGUE (First Division).

Aberdeen 1; Dundee 3.
Clyde 3; Partick Thistle 3.
Falkirk 0; Airdrieonians 2.
Hamilton 1; Motherwell 2.
Hearts 0; Hibernians 0.
Kilmarnock 3; St. Mirren 0.
Queen's Park Versus Third Lanark (Unplayed).
Queen of South 2; Ayr 4.
Rangers 2; Celtic 2.
St. Johnstone 3; Cowdenbeath 3.

3.—Reuter's Special.

RUGBY UNION

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The following are results of principal matches played under the Rugby Union Rules to-day:—

Bath 5; Swansea 3
Bristol 11; Cardiff 3.
Gloucester Versus Lydney (Scratched).
Leicester 33; Old Blues 0
Plymouth Albion 0; Pontypool 5.
Torquay Athletic 24; Exeter 0.
—Reuter's Special.

GOAL SCORERS

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The following scored in the respective matches in the first division of the Scottish League:—

Aberdeen:—Mills.
Dundee: Lee 2 Mackey.
Clyde: Boyd 2, McNaughton.
Partick: McLeod 2, McLean.
Airdrieonians: Moore, Mooney.
Hamilton: King (from penalty.)
Motherwell: Ogilvie, Ferrier.
Kilmarnock: Maxwell 2, Liddell.
Queen of South: McGowan 2.
Ayr: McGibbon 2. Ure (from penalty), Brae.
Rangers: Smith (from penalty), McPhail.
Celtic: McGrory 2.
St. Johnstone Calder 2, Ferguson.
Cowdenbeath: Venters 3.— Reuter's Special.

FIRST CLASS CRICKET

M. C. C. Scores 375 Against South England

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The following are the closing scores in first-class cricket matches which commenced to-day:

M. C. C. Vs. SOUTH ENGLAND AT FOLKESTONE:

M. C. C. 375 (Johnstone 133, Hudson 50, Freeman 5 for 130). South England 7 for 1.

GOVERS ELEVEN Vs. WEST INDIES AT SCARBOROUGH.

Leveson Govers 275 for 7 (Wyatt 100 not out, Townsend 61, Paynter 55).

HEAVIEST DEFEAT FOR STOEFFEN

Result Of American Men's Singles Championship Semi-Final

(Special Cable.)

FOREST HILL, September 9.

In the American Men's Singles Championship semi-final Perry beat Stoeffen 6|3, 6|2, 6|2.

This is the heaviest defeat Stoeffen has suffered in his career.

Perry was brilliant in all departments and kept Stoeffen on run.

CRAWFORD BEAT SHIELDS.

In the semi-final Crawford beat Shields 7|5, 6|4, 6|3.

Crawford was very steady with machinelike backhand drives which were more accurate than Shields'.

Shields played a fast game and sent his backhand shots out with monotonous regularity.

COCHET AS PROPHET

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, September 9.

Cochet is playing in the matches between French and American professionals including Tilden beginning on 22nd September. Cochet predicts:

"Time will come when all players will have a percentage, and some day there will be no amateurs and no professionals."

S. INDIAN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Rajah Of Ramnad Beats Santosh In Men's Singles

MADRAS, Sept. 9.

The open Amateur Championship Tennis Tournament conducted by the South Indian Atheltic Asscociation commenced to-day. It has attracted players from other parts of India among whom are Balke of Sindh, Sawhney and Shohanlal of the Punjab Brooke Edwards and Miss Harvey Johnstone of Calcutta, Miss Leela Rao and Mars. Iao of Bombay.

In all there are five events and there are a good number of entrants.

This afternoon, six matches were decided:

DETAILS.

Mens Sngles: Rajah of Ramnad beat Santosh 6/1 5/2.

Balagopal beat Money 6/0 6/1, Prasad beat Sadasiv 6/4 6/0.

Singaravelu beat Damodara Rao 6/1 6/1, Prasad beat Kasinath 6/2 6/1 Krishnamachari beat Srinivasan 8/6 2/6 7/5.—A. P.

CITY BADMINTON TOURNAMENTS

Programme For Monday & Wednesday

The following is the programme of Bombay Inter-Collegiate Badminton Tournament, which is being played at G.M. College Badminton Court:—

MONDAY, September 11.

MEN'S SINGLES.

4 p.m.: Wil. (A) vs. G.M.C. (B).

4-30 p.m. G.S.M. (B) vs. S.T.C. (B).

MIXED DOUBLES.

5 p.m. St. X. (A) vs. Law (A)

5-30 p.m. S.T.C. (A) vs. Wil. (B).

WEDNESDAY, September 13.

MEN'S SINGLES.

4 p.m. S.T.C. (A) vs. St. X. (A).

4-30 p.m. Wil. (B) vs. Elph. (B).

MIXED DOUBLES.

5 p.m. G.M.C. (B) vs. Sydn. (A).

5-30 p.m. S.T.C. (B) vs. St. X. (B).

"An Army Marches on its Stomach"
—*Napoleon Bonaparte.*

KEEP YOUR STOMACH WELL REGULATED WITH

Phenolates

THE CHEWING GUM LAXATIVE

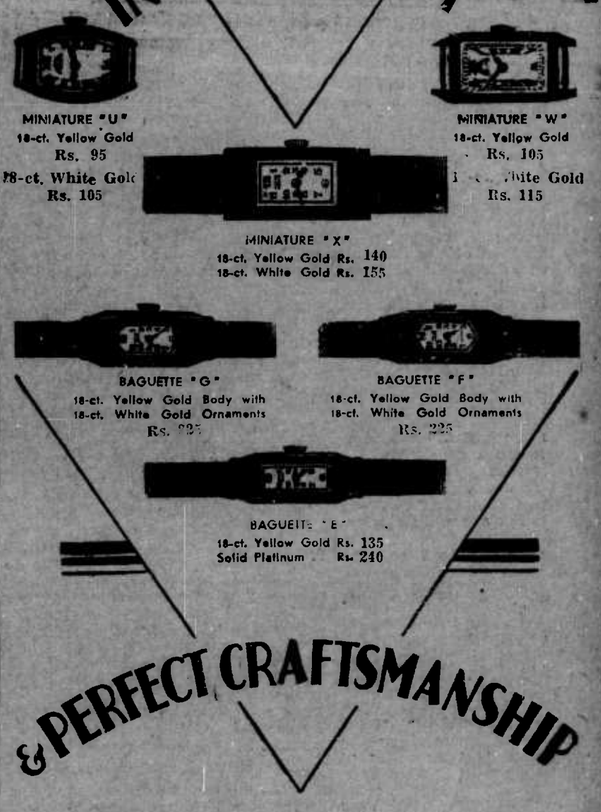
gentle but positive in action, suitable for the tropics delicious fresh mint flavour.

As. 2 a packet
Ans. 12 a bottle

Available Everywhere

AMERICAN PRODUCTS Co., Ltd.,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

EXEMPLIFYING DAINTINESS AND INDIVIDUALITY & PERFECT CRAFTSMANSHIP



BUY A WEST END

WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA
SEND FOR LARGE FREE CATALOGUE

Dr. B. N. DESAI, L.M.&S. (Vadifalia, SURAT)
Cures Radically HYDROCELE Without Operation
In 15 minutes. In Bombay every month from 1st to 6th
IN SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.
For Booklet of details and certs, send 3 annas stamps.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1933

SCHUSTER'S LITTLE GAME

Having brought from London the text of the new Reserve Bank Bill in his pocket, Sir George Schuster has lost no time in springing it upon the Assembly. Whatever qualms Government may have about being too hasty with beneficent legislation like the Anti-Untouchability Bill, they have none with regard to the Bank Bill. Sir George has already introduced it and will soon have it in the hands of a safe Select Committee. He admits that only "a very short time has elapsed since the publication of the London Committee's report," on which the Bill is based. He admits, too, with regard to certain points left by the Committee to be considered in India, that "they have not had time since his return to give them the full consideration which they deserve." But then the scheme approved by the London Committee is so desirable from the Government's point view and the present Legislature is so dependable, that Government would not "risk delay and uncertainty in getting through the legislation" necessary for inaugurating the Bank.

HIS TRUMP CARD.

Sir George knew well enough that arguments like these would not impress his tried friends in the Assembly. So he dexterously used his trump card, having previously obtained the President's permission to make a longer statement while introducing his Bill than convention allowed. He held forth on the absolute necessity of a Reserve Bank as a condition precedent to the transfer of Finance to responsible Ministers.

The public have never accepted this plea and the general opinion is that a reformed Legislature would devise a much better scheme for a Reserve Bank than any manufactured by the process to which the Government have recently resorted. In any case the need for a Reserve Bank prior to the establishment of central responsibility is no justification for the particular scheme that has now been devised or for indecent haste in rushing this or any other scheme through a legislature that has long ceased to be representative, if it was ever so at all.

PLAUSIBLE BUT TRANSPARENT.

Sir George made capital of the basic principle of the present scheme, that the Bank must be predominantly a private concern "independent of political control." However plausible the principle may appear in theory, every national bank is in practice controlled, directly or indirectly, by the national government. If the scheme were really independent of political control, it would be much less objectionable than it is. But actually it provides for such political control as suits British interests, while scrupulously evading political control by the representatives of the people who have the largest stake in the Bank.

This is transparently clear in the provisions regarding the appointment of the four directors of the Bank, not elected by the shareholders. These are to be nominated at present, not by the Governor-General in Council but by the Governor-General "at his discretion under the new Constitution." The assumption is that the present Executive Council, not responsible to the Legislature, will keep out politics in nominating four of the Bank's directors and that the Governor-General at all times will be free from political bias, but that the National Cabinet under the reforms will be incapable of working without political bias. The public are not so simple as to endorse such a preposterous assumption.

TO PERPETUATE DOMINATION.

Indeed it does not require much ingenuity to see through the whole device. Leaving alone the strong probability that the lion's share of the "private" share capital will be monopolised by British and pro-British interests, the Governor-General, nominated by the British Government, is bound to safeguard, first and foremost, British political and financial interests. The plea of independence of political control seems only a subterfuge to perpetuate the present domination of Indian Finance by British interests.

Excise Department Scandal

We desire again to draw the pointed attention of the Collector of Bombay, as well as the higher Excise authorities, to the judgment delivered by the Fourth Presidency Magistrate recently in the case of Crown vs. Jacob Santan Martin and another. As we pointed out in the comment we published on August 26th last, "the case constitutes a serious reflection on the tactics employed by officers of the Excise Department to secure a conviction."

More than this, however, the judgment creates a suspicion, that the prosecution in itself was in reality a bogus one while the generally suspicious aspect of the proceedings is enhanced by the allegation that another interested party was behind the scenes. The further suspicion arises that this person was not only in the background of the prosecution but was also interested in the arbitrary cancellation of the licence of the shop concerned.

That a shop should be closed and the licence cancelled on the mere suspicion that two bags of tobacco were smuggled from Bandra into Bombay is certainly extraordinary. That Supervisor Dyer should rush from Santa Cruz to Bombay to take up an investigation in the middle of the night, out of his jurisdiction, on the bare word of a mere stranger is equally extraordinary, and becomes more so when the whole case in court proves to be based on false evidence. Even more extraordinary, however, is the action of the Supervisor in, immediately after the decision in the case, sealing the goods in the shop and cancelling the licence, despite the fiasco of his attempt to get the manager of the shop convicted.

One more feature of the affair needs to be mentioned, and a very serious one. During the hearing of the case, an application for transfer was made to the High Court, in which it was alleged that Supervisor Dyer, Inspector Vijayayakar, the Magistrate, Mr. Junglewala, and one Maneckji Gandhi, a large trader in tobacco, we believe, were seen in conversation together in a public bar at Ballard Estate, and the accused, therefore, feared that he would not get justice at the hands of the Magistrate. The latter, however, a few days after went on leave and the case was automatically transferred to the Court of Mr. I. N Mehta, who did not hesitate to characterise the prosecution as being engineered by an enemy of the accused and the evidence as worthless.

All these points may be capable of an innocent explanation, but, on the face of it, the whole affair presents so many ugly features that we doubt even whether investigation should be left to the departmental authorities and should not rather be made the subject of a special enquiry by the Government, particularly as certain other cases of high-handed action by officers of the Tobacco Department are said to have occurred.

A Rotten Bill!

It is very significant that, except on the official benches, the Princes Protection Bill had no friends in the Assembly. It would have been better to have rejected it outright, for such a Bill does not deserve to be incorporated in the law of the land, but since we live in days of compromise and unadulterated reaction, the "independent" members had to come to terms with the Government. But, as far as the Home Member is concerned, he is determined to give protection to the Princes against British Indians, if he can possibly manage it.

There can be no excuse for the apologetic tone which a few M.L.A.'s adopted towards the measure, for there is no doubt that the Bill is calculated to bolster up the present maladministration in most of the states, as Mr. Joshi said. The Home Member while admitting that there was a scandalous state of things in some of the States, had the audacity to plead that the Paramount Power is "always there!" Do Government really want the world to believe that the fate of these crores of oppressed subjects is safe in the hands of the Political Department? In the Federal Constitution these six or seven crores of people will have no part, and in their place the Princes claim 40 per cent. representation in the Upper House and 33 per cent. in the Lower House, though their population is only 25 per cent.

In the new constitution the Princes will concede nothing, but grab everything, for they will not have anything to do with the British Indians. They want direct dealings with the Crown, which may mean either the Viceroy or the British Government, while they will enjoy every facility to bring reaction into the British Indian administration. That is an intolerable position, and is directly calculated to defeat the goal which India has set before itself. So long as the Princes remain despotic, and even tyrannical in their dealings with their subjects, the latter must have some means to protect themselves against their rulers. If they are to be debarred from even ventilating their grievances in British India, and are to get no redress in their own States, then the cup of their misery will overflow. It would have served a more useful purpose if this Bill for the protection of princely wrongdoing were rejected outright, instead of sending it for circulation. But we do not believe that even the most emasculated legislature in the world could be persuaded to pass such a rotten bill.

THE ANSWER IS EASY

The "Times of India" has put a poser before the Congress, in reference to the views expressed by Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, that in future the struggle in India will be between the "haves" and "have nots." The paper lugubriously asks whether it is proper for the Congress to be a handmaid of Bolshevism, as against Nationalism. The answer to the question is an easy one and has nothing to do with Bolshevism. The first business of the Congress is the greatest good of the greatest number, and if in the process it has to work for the amelioration of the masses as against any classes, we do not think there is the least doubt about its decision in such a vital matter.

Gandhiji and the Pandit are both right in their attitude towards, and concern for, the masses, who are now ground down by chronic poverty and misery not of their own creation. If the Congress refused to work for the masses, as against the classes, then it would cease to be a national body and would only represent the classes, as even now some of the extreme Labourites in India are accusing it, perhaps with some justification, of doing.

As for the resolution which was passed by the Assembly, at the instance of a Rai Bahadur for incorporating property rights in the new constitution, it is foolish to believe for a moment that when the time comes these comparatively small obstacles will prevent anybody from doing what they believe is right. It is impossible for all time to protect the interests and privileges of a minority against the rights and interests of the majority.

In India, more than in any other country, the masses are perpetually on the borderline of starvation and their poverty and misery have only to be seen to be realised. The "Times of India" in trying to rally the propertied classes to the banner of the Government, fails to take note of the great changes that are taking place everywhere in the world. It is impossible to keep the Indian masses in their present hopeless condition for all time, and one day or other they are bound to assert themselves and come into their own.

In the U. P., the stronghold of the landlords, a widespread economic revolution was only checked with the help of repressive legislation, and the mover of the resolution comes from a province where the landlords have miserably failed to justify themselves. If the Congress ceases to represent the poor, who are the large majority in India, it will die a natural death and no Indian will shed a single tear for it.

GATE OF MERCY!

Trial Of A Much Harassed Congregation

BY ISAAC A. EZEKIEL.

Obscured by the towering, jerry structures surrounding it and enveloped in the spicy smells of garlic and asafoetida and of the red hot chillie of the sunny south is situated a synagogue of the Bene-Israel Community with a history extending over nearly two hundred years, history sometimes romantic, on occasions tragic, but always chequered and exciting.

Owning its existence to the the gratitude of a Bene Israel soldier in the British Army whose valour secured his release from the captivity of Tipoo Sultan, the Gate of Mercy Synagogue, Mandvi, has, through years, flourished on the princely sacrifices of a poor people, has at times shrunk to the point of annihilation under the withering grip of tyrannical authority, but has again and again emerged triumphant, throwing the tyrant and the bully on the dung-heap of discredited past.

A carefully written analytical history would indeed reflect the varying moods of the community and its leaders, their hectic likes and dislikes, their characteristics and character, the winning reasonableness of some of its leaders, the spirit of maniacal vengence that dominated its short-lived tyrants.

SUPREME DISPLEASURE

There is the tale of a heroic struggle to save the Synagogue estate from the devastations of somnolent office-bearers which brought out the best in the community about thirty years ago and is recalled to-day with pride and pleasure.

There is the tale, at the other extreme, of a resolution still said to be traced in the records of the Synagogue, wherein the authorities enjoined that, as a mark of their supreme displeasure and award of eternal punishment, a huge stone was to be placed right on the chest of the dead body of one the Synagogue members before his grave was covered with earth. It is not known if the resolution was put into action, but the repetition of such resolutions is very rare in these days of practical action, and hence intead of relying on posthumous punishment the Synagogue authorities a couple of years back suspended the membership rights of some seventeen members, it is stated, for their unholy interference with the realisation of the Committee's ambitious "ideal" to break up a seventy thousand rupee trust of the Synagogue to save the Trustees of another trust!

OBSTRUCTIVE TACTICS.

The Synagogue is still passing through the troubles generated by the frustrated "ideal". We have the same committee, with the exception of the president, that we had two years ago. With its rapidly waning influence —whatever of it there was in the past—the Committee finds it increasingly difficult to face the members.

The Synagogue constitution requires at least one meeting of the Managing Committee every week, but the Secretary did not call any for the first three or four weeks. When, after direct intervention of the president, meetings were summoned, the Committee members kept themselves away by rotation, with the result that for a number of meetings there was no quorum.

(Continued on Page 7.)

Frankly Speaking

KEEP IT UP!

Considering the depression that has spread over the country for some time past, the public interest evoked by the Swadeshi Festival in Bombay is encouraging.

Though the Festival has come to a close, it is to be hoped that active Swadeshi propaganda will be kept up all the year round under the auspices of the Bombay Swadeshi League.

We find from the report of the League for the year 1932-33 that its membership during the year was only 115, of whom only eight were life members.

Considering the importance of Swadeshi and the resources of the City, these figures are scandalously low. But it is some relief to note that during the Festival the League has enrolled hundreds of new members.

Strengthened in its membership and finances, the League should undoubtedly be better able to reorganise itself for continuous propaganda.

DE VALERA WILL TRIUMPH

The attempts of the opposition groups in the Irish Free State are inspired less by a desire for national unity than by their common aim of overthrowing President de Valera.

The United Ireland Party's slogan of unity will hardly deceive those people who have the sense to see that its tendency is to accentuate the sharp differences between the Republicans and the rest, who may be called Unionists.

The last general elections were an undoubted triumph for the former, and the latter's intrigues and the suspicious sympathy they seem to have evoked from across the Irish Sea will only strengthen the Republican sentiment in the State.

If the opposition groups succeed at all in overthrowing Mr. de Valera for the time being, and thus plunge the country into the turmoil of fresh general elections, their tactics will recoil upon themselves. They will fail to hold together and ensure a bigger triumph for the Republicans.

DAMNING INDICTMENT

The news that Professor Einstein has been compelled to leave Belgium and take refuge on a yacht for fear of murder by the Nazis will not be received with very great surprise by those who have studied Nazi methods of revenge.

Nazis are not satisfied with pillaging his property, but they want his life also. Only the other day another eminent Jewish professor of international reputation was killed, because he was anti-Nazi.

The fact that Einstein has been welcomed by every other country in the world, is in itself a damning indictment of Germany.

FERMENT IN CUBA

The ferment in Cuba is growing, and the United States interests are getting restive.

The resignation of Dr. Cespedes is a sign that there is no desire to have civil war in the Island, among the different political parties.

Interference on the part of the United States will only strengthen the hands of the revolutionaries. The present United States Ambassador, who is a man in the confidence of Mr. Roosevelt, will be wise to act with circumspection.

The last Ambassador was a great supporter of American capitalists and necessarily of Machado and he winked at the presidential atrocities. Now that conditions have changed, it would be most impolitic for the United States to try and impose an administration of their own choice on the island.

The revolutionaries are reasonable. They wish to restore the office of the President, but they want a man of their own choice.

ONLY TEMPORARY?

The Bengal Council has passed the Calcutta Municipal Bill, at the dictation of the small European community. As Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, an ex-Mayor himself, put it, the more honest course for the Minister would have been to say that he was going to hand over the Calcutta Municipal Corporation to the Police!

At a very late hour the Minister discovered that the members of the Corporation were a set of fools or knaves, and that it required to be reorganised root and branch.

But the fact is that the Minister himself was a member of the Corporation, until his ascension to the ministerial "gadi," and must shoulder his part of the blame.

Europeans and super-loyal Indian placemen made up the Government majority in the Council, and this sinister combination made such a drastic reduction of the powers of the Corporation possible.

Such reactionary legislative measures can only be regarded as a temporary check on the right of the City of Calcutta to complete self-government.

Readers' Views

BIRTH-CONTROL ASSOCIATION

From G. D. Kulkarni.

The meeting on "Birth Control" in the Blavatsky Lodge can be said to be a successful function so far as propaganda among the educated classes is concerned. It is high time, however, for those who are blessed with that knowledge to take it to millions of their countrymen of the lower strata, who would be only too glad to avail themselves of those remedies.

India is surely over-populated and an actual diminution in the population here is expected to raise the standard of living. Persons, who think that with the advent of Swaraj our economic difficulties would be over, forget that there are limits to both our agricultural improvement and industrial expansion. Dearth of capital, inadequacy of new and fertile lands, insufficiency of forests and uneconomic holdings are some of the chief obstacles in the rapid improvement of our agriculture.

Population, like air, has got a tendency to expand and fill up every vacant place that comes in its way. The relief, therefore, afforded by means like emigration, increasing the food-supply etc., is only temporary and the population problem is never solved unless recourse is had to deliberate preventive checks.

Self-control alone, not carried to the point of total abstinence, can never be employed as a remedy for Birth-Control by the majority of people, because the procreative power increases along with restraint in sexual matters and total abstinence when preached to young and healthy married people, is bound to nothing but a cry in the wilderness.

In these days it is absolutely necessary for all those who are in favour of Birth-Control movement to join hands. It is through an Association alone that any movement can hope to expand itself 'on a large scale' by enlisting the support of the public and the need for such a body—particularly in Bombay—is very great. The writer who has already done some spade-work in this connection, is determined to leave no stone unturned to carry this movement to a successful end, and it is hoped that those who want to help this cause, would take the trouble of corresponding with him so that further steps may be taken.

Would it be too much to expect public-spirited persons in our country to come out boldly to champion this sacred cause and thus receive the benedictions of humanity.

Municipality And Hindi Schools

From "Justice."

It is but common knowledge that Bombay City has a very large Hindi-speaking population nearly one and a half lakhs. They do not form a floating population, but are more or less settled in this big city. The municipality has been able to see the justice of opening Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam and Kanarese schools for the South Indian children, but has not so far realised the equal and to a certain extent greater claim of this large population. Months have passed since Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal took up this matter in the Municipal Council and succeeded in getting the principle accepted by the Municipality.

Hope deferred maketh the heart sick and these people have already waited long patiently hoping that something might turn up. When once the principle has been accepted it will be to the greater glory of the authorities if they work out the scheme early and expedite the opening of these schools.

Dadabhai Naoroji And Mahatma Gandhi

From Hammenoor.

At the Dadabhai Naoroji birth anniversary meeting held at the Sir C. J. Hall, Mr. R. P Masani, in the course of his speech, observed that in the days of Dadabhai and Naoroji Furdoonji supplication and submission was the method adopted in political agitation. But Mr. M. K. Gandhi dealt a death blow to this sort of agitation by his defiant civil disobedience movement.

The prayers, petitions and protests, however, of the stalwart political leaders of by-gone days were proper and dignified, and not at all humiliating and disgraceful. Dadabhai Naoroji never went out of his way to make a display of his importance. Neither Dadabhai nor Sir Pherozeshah Mehta would have gone on petitioning the Viceroy, despite repeated rebuffs, to see him personally, in order to lay before him the grievances of the people, as the "sole representative of the teeming millions of India."

Mr. Masani further observed that Mr. Gandhi once told him, "I am sure that Dadabhai would act precisely as I have been doing, were he alive to-day." It is beyond the horizon of possibility that Dadabhai would have ever regarded the movement of individual civil disobedience as even worthy of consideration for the attainment of Swaraj.

Mr. Gandhi's over-confident assertion as regards Mr. Dadabhai's policy to-day would lead a terrorist to-morrow to declare emphatically, "I am sure that Gandhiji would be positively backing my violent actions, were he alive to-day."

WHY RELIGION IS IN BAD ODOUR!

From "Zoroastrian."

With reference to the letter under the above caption published by you on Monday, I have to say that your correspondent seems unable to divest true religion from the superstitious trash which passes for religion.

True religion consists in hungering and thirsting after righteousness. Centuries of experience have proved that the greatest and noblest men were of deep religious sentiments who, believing in God and true religion, lived a virtuous life creditable to themselves and beneficial to the world, e.g., Lincoln, who under God, abolished Negro Slavery.

It would be wise for us lesser men to do likewise and follow in their steps. Is it not then foolish that we are asked to leave this tried path of true religion which the noblest men have trod with credit to themselves and benefit to the world for an untried path which, freeing, as it does, from restraints imposed by religion, may lead to dangerous consequences especially in youths?

To cure them of this leprosy of irreligion and athiesm, I recommend your correspondent and other youthful Indian readers to daily read and ponder over the annual bound volumes of "Great Thoughts" magazine, which would provide them with never-failing delight and which are published by the Religious Tract Society No. 4, Bouvier Street, London, E.C. 4, for mental and moral improvement of English youths of respectable families in Great Britain.

Unemployment Among Educated Youths

From Vedda Mittra Sharma.

I am a bit surprised on reading the article appeared on 6th inst. of your esteemed daily by "A friend of the unemployed." In the first place, even adopting his ideas to take up the calling of "Male nurse," what achievement could there be in the field of unemployment, which is increasing by leaps and bounds day by day. The hospitals are few and far between and hardly could cope with the increasing demand of unemployment.

Secondly, his grudging attack on the fair-sex to wipe them out clean from this field of service to the aching-humanity by providing employment to the educated young men is both mischievous and extremely unfair. It is something like robbing the bread of one to feed the other in sheer desperate mood. I do not understand why the young men should be induced to do the jobs which their sisters could do more creditably and caressingly.

The unemployment curse which is the direct result of this day education, particularly for India, should be met with the right antidote. The spirit of dignity of labour is found lacking in our young men, so-called educated, with the result that they only aspire for jobs like clerks, Male nurses and sundry others which is more congenial to the fair-sex temperament and habits, since they (the young men) themselves find effiminated to do harder jobs. What a pity!

Press Views

How The Gulf Widens

The necessity for a resumption of normal relations between the Government and their chief political opponents admits of no doubt in any responsible quarter. The sponsor of the good-will resolution in the Council of State is not any more in the confidence of the Congress than the Government are. But that also does not rule out honest endeavours for establishing peace in the country. It was a pity that the elders failed to grasp the intrinsic worth and usefulness of bringing home to the Government their obligation to the people who want real peace and not a peace of the desert. "A little more" sighed Browning, "and how much it is; a little less and what worlds away." The Government always think of "a little less," and the gulf widens.—"Hindustan Times"

"Father-in-Law's House"

A correspondent in the sole surviving Anglo-Indian paper in Calcutta makes the following suggestion for combating terrorism: "The jails need not be so many father-in-law's houses, as testified to by most who return with a fatter and stronger physique and depose to the "nice" time they had there, earning money and comforts which they would not have ordinarily enjoyed out of it (I mean specially the detenus and political prisoners)." Will the correspondent just explain why these "father-in-law's houses" have become the breeding ground of tuberculosis and other deadly ailments?—"Liberty."

"True Safeguards"

Mr. G. S. Bajpai, speaking on behalf of the Government, referred to the inherent futility of mere paper safeguards, and laid stress on the leadership of landlords in a spirit of service which alone, he said, would ensure protection of the position they claim. Such a spirit has been forthcoming in a greater measure than in the past, and it is the surest indication of the desire for amicable and harmonious relations with tenants which landlords are anxious to bring about. There is now an increasing realisation that the problems of tenants and landlords can best be solved by mutual discussion and consultation rather than by hostile propaganda and virulent opposition.—"Justice."

Protect The Tenants

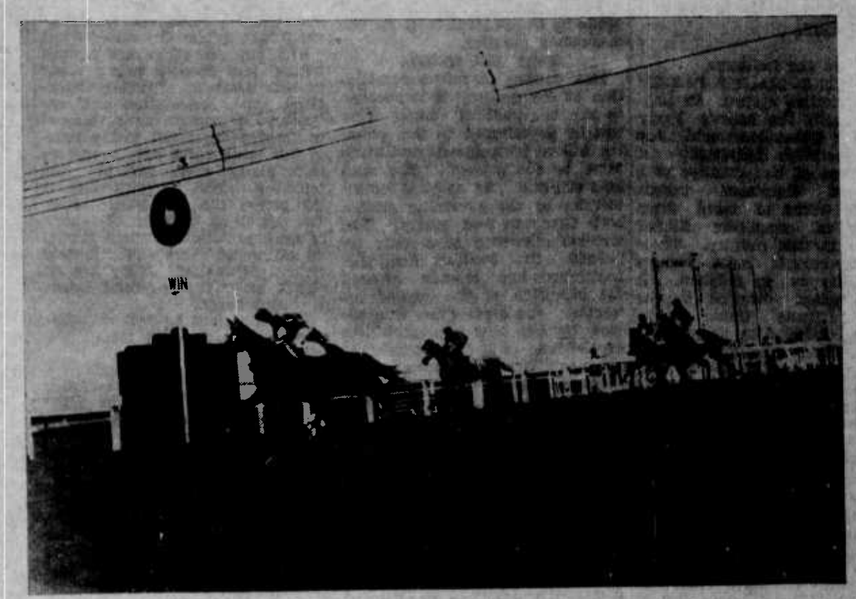
The Zamindars have not yet shown any anxiety to lower their rates of assessment, better their administrative machinery and relieve the distress of their peasants. If Zamindars are actuated by such unjustifiable and uncompromising motives they have good cause to suspect enemies in every camp. The Ellore Conference has only demanded the same status vis-a-vis the Zamindars as that enjoyed by the Sircar ryots vis-a-vis the Government. Are the Zamindars prepared to agree to this extremely reasonable clamour of the ryots? If not, how can they hope to stem the tide of growing dissatisfaction? We sincerely hope that the Zamindars of this province will agree to lower the burden of their assessments at least to the level of the Government rates of assessment and to redress the other grievances of their ryots, in accordance with the minimum demands of the Ellore Conference. —"Swarajya".

Be Consistent

Sir Frank Noyce, replying to Mr. Maswood Ahmed in the Assembly on Friday last said that "the Government of India are anxious to encourage healthy trade unionism," and that "they would be sorry, therefore, to see the development of communalism in the trade union movement." He declared further that "the Government of India did not propose to accord recognition to any trade union which might be formed on a communal basis." Sir Frank Noyce's expression of opinion and declaration would be welcome in trade union circles. If the Government of India would be "sorry" to see the development of communalism within the trade union movement they cannot be glad but should be sorry also for the development of communalism in political life. What is bad for Labour cannot be good for politics. If the Government would only be consistent they would not allow communalism to poison political movement by being a party to the creation or development of communal electorates, communal representation etc.—"A. B. Patrika."

PICTURES FROM POONA

Two Of Saturday's Races And The Winners



Mr. P. B. Avasia's "Fin ancir" Winning the Galway Plate by a narrow margin from "Dandy Brush" and from "Superlative."

Mr. N. Begmahomed's "Follow Me" winning the Burnet Plate from "Carnelian" and 'Crusty".

Mr. N. Begmahomed's "Follow Me" being led in after its victory in the Burnet Plate.

Mr. P. B. Avasia's "Financir" being led in after Winning the Galway Plate.

GATE OF MERCY!

(Continued from page 6).

When a quorum was at last formed the Committee refused to call a meeting of the general body though the constitution lays down that at least one such meeting should be called every month.

REQUISITIONS FLOUTED.

In the meanwhile requisitions were sent by the members to invite meetings of the general body to consider specific questions. According to constitution, when faced with such requisition, the Committee is bound to call a meeting.

The Committee simply ignored them, on the ground that the rule was not binding on them. To interpret the rule itself another requisition meeting was asked for. The Committee refused to grant even this. Thereupon the President himself summoned a meeting. The Committee held it illegal. The matter was sent for legal opinion. Legal opinion held that the constitution does not authorise the president to call such a meeting, but takes it for granted that the Committee is by rule specifically required to grant the requisition meeting. It will be worth while publishing the case submitted by the solicitors for legal opinion and the counsel's opinion thereon as they would be helpful in exposing the Committee and others behind it. If the Committee refused to grant the requisition the only way open, according to counsel, is to seek relief from the High Court. In the meanwhile requisitions are turned down, adjourned meetings declared illegal, Synagogue doors closed and so on. How many suits are to be fought out on these issues?

CRUX OF THE SITUATION.

This brings us to the crux of the situation. Here we have a Committee that refuses to discharge its duties, tramples the constitution underfoot, denies the right of the members to have the monthly and requisition meetings etc. etc., and yet the only remedy seems to be to enter upon lengthy court proceedings, and yet the Synagogue and the Community can ill afford these costly methods.

The Bene-Israel are a poor community. The resourses of the Synagogue are all essential for the most urgent needs of the community. It is true that the Synagogue has not had to pay anything so far for court cases. But is there no method by which these litigations can be put to an end? Are the Synagogue and its members always to undergo the troubles and harassment of court proceedings for every type of high-handedness, tyranny, unconstitutionalism? It is time that the members gave a serious thought to this matter.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

Desperate recklessness of the type with which members are faced has, of course, to be fought mercilessly Of course, if court cases are inevitable in the interest of the Synagogue and self-sacrificing individuals must fight them without touching Synagogue funds, the harassment and expenses have to be faced cheerfully. But the sacrifices of such individuals can be harnessed for a better purpose, the expenditure of time and energy may be better directed in other channels if by mutual agreement it is constitutionally provided for that all disputes between the Jamat and the Managing Committee or between any sections of them shall be compulsorily submitted to the arbitration of the Advocate-General or some such person, and that the costs of such arbitration should in no case come out of the Synagogue funds.

It will mean swift solution of all disputes. It will mean less trouble for the parties and above all it will safeguard the funds of the Synagogue for all times. Will the members of this Synagogue as well as other institutions in the Community take up the suggestion, as, perhaps, the best remedy for counteracting litigation, prolonged dead-locks and wastage of public funds?

PROPAGANDA FOR KHADI

Scheme Of A. I. Spinners' Association

On the occasion of the ensuing Gandhi Jayanti, the Indian Merchants' Chamber has issued the following circular to its members:—

"To the Members of the Chamber,

Dear Sirs,—To effect large sales of Khadi during the ensuing Gandhi Jayanti commencing from the 16th inst., the Bombay branch of the All-India Spinners' Association has drawn out a scheme. I beg to draw your attention to this scheme, and hope that you will help it by purchasing Khadi yourself and persuading your friends to do so."

PAY RAFFLED

Relief Worker Realizes £4-16-0 As Profit

MELBOURNE, Victoria. (By Mail)

A novel method of increasing his week's wages was adopted by a relief worker on the railway regarding works at Bunyip, Victoria. He raffled his week'e pay, about £2-4-0. His fellow workers quickly subscribed £7-0-0.

1,100 MILE TOUR ON CYCLE

Eight Benares Students' Venture

BENARES, Sept. 9.

A group of eight students of the Benares Hindu University will be starting on a tour of 1100 miles on cycle from Benares to Poona on September 15 during the Durga Pooja Holidays. In the course of their tour the students will visit several important towns including Allahabad, Cawnpore, Agra, Gwaliar, and Nasik. A. P.

FATAL ASSAULT ON HEAD JOBBER

Tragic Result Of Dispute With Operative

AHMEDABAD, Sept 10

The head jobber of the Bagicha Mill has succumbed to injuries said to have been sustained in assault made on him by five operatives armed with lathis.

It is reported that one operative who was attending to four looms was offered two looms and he refused to work the two looms. He was thereupon dismissed and another operative was employed in his place. The dismissed operative with five others is reported to have assaulted the head jobber while he was going home in the evening.

Police have arrested five operatives in this connection.—A. P.

CAPTAIN G. S. IYER REACHES BENARES

Offers Free Services To Hindu University

BENARES, Sept. 9.

Captain G. S. K. Iyer, who has obtained medical proficiency at Vienna, has arrived at Benares and has offered his services to the Benares Hindu University.

He left Viena on July 17 in an Austrian car of his own and after passing through Austria, Venice, Rome arrived at Naeples. Embarking there on board ship he landed at Bombay on August 4. After visiting several towns in India the doctor has arrived at Benares and intends to act as honorary medical officer of public health at the University. —A.P.

QUEST FOR FABULOUS PIRATE TREASURE

14 Ex-Public Schoolboys To Sail For Cocos Islands

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

Equipped with three metal diviners, yet another expedition is to search for the fabulous pirate treasure supposed to be buried in Cocos Island, 600 miles west of Panama.

This time 14 ex-public schoolboys from Coventry, Bedford, London and Sussex will make the attempt. Their average age is 24.

They are sailing from Pembroke Dock about the end of September in the 70-ton motor yacht "Romance."

Captain A. Max Stanton and Mr Glanville, Scandlebury of Bedord will lead the expedition.

Captain Stanton has had an adventurous career. He has searched for pirate gold before; was torpedoed more than once during the war; went to the Antartic in 1930-31; and was in command of the mission steamer "Southern Cross" which sank last year off the New Hebrides.—Reuter.

DON'T FORSAKE RELIGION

Appeal To Parsis To Stick To Principles Of Their Own Faith

An appeal to the Parsis, asking them to stick to the principles of their religion and educate the younger generation according to the principles laid down, was made by speakers at the meeting held on Sunday evening at the Sir C. J. Hall under the Rathestar Mandal. Sardar, Khan Bahadur Dastur Noshirwan Kaikobad of Poona presided.

Addressing the meeting Mr. K. J. B. Wadia traced the history of the Parsis and their religion since the time they emigrated to India. He said that since the last 150 years the Parsis were slowly forgetting the true tenets of their religion and to revive the interest in their religion and teach the younger generation their Dharma, an association was started in Bombay about 60 years ago, when classes were held to impart religious education.

WORSHIPPING IDOLS.

Speaking about the present day Parsis the speaker said that he had seen several educated Parsis going to the Hindu residences and worshipping the idol Ganapathi. He had also seen several Parsi ladies worshipping Muslim tombs. He deplored that these people had forgotten their religion and said that such actions should be condemned.

Even while offering prayers the present day Parsis—several of them—were not sincere. He also referred to the change in dress that had been adopted by several Parsis, who had given up their original dress He also stated that several of the leading lights, who were in high positions in the community were smoking which was against the tenets of the religion.

The speaker proposed that a Conference of the Parsis should be held in the near future to discuss the necessary reforms that should be introduced in the community

DON'T FORSAKE RELIGION

Mr. J. B Watcha speaking next spoke in the same strain and appealed to his brethren to have courage of their convictions and not forsake their religion He also repeated several songs which could be adopted by the Parsis during prayer time.

The Chairman addressing the gathering explained in detail as to what Zorastrianism meant. Though he agreed with the previous speakers, he said it was no use condemning a certain section, as responsible for the existing conditions. He appealed to the community to unite and stick to the religion to which they belonged.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 32 years)

India's future depends on Banking, Insurance, Commerce, Salesmanagership and Joint Stock Company Expansion.

ASPIRING STUDENTS OF COMMERCE should therefore give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as BANK OFFICERS (C.A.I.B.); INSURANCE MANAGERS (A.C.I.I.); Salesmanagership (by I.S.M.A.); Company Secretaries (F.I.S.A.); and GENERAL COMMERCE COURSES (L.C.C., D.Com.I.M.C.) for which there is an unlimited field.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for Prospectus giving details.

80, ESPLANADE, BOMBAY

JOHNSON'S PERMANENT BRILLIANT INK EASY FLOWING INK

ANYTHING REGARDING Income-Tax & Super-Tax CONSULT

Messrs NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL whose expert advice has saved thousands of Rupees of Limited Companies, Firms, Individuals and Joint Hindu Families.

Branch Office: Reid Road, Ahmedabad 2 Telegraphic Address: "Kadambari". Ahmedabad.

Head Office: 6, Ravelin St. Fort, Bombay Tel. No. 22560 Telegraphic Address: "Kadambari"

Use world's Richest Production of GUARANTEED PURE Bhoot Brand (SAFFRON) In fancy original Boxes from 1 oz. upwards. KASHINATH JAYAWANT NARAYAN Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay 1. Telephone No. 21095.

Remove film before teeth decay

Film is the enemy of teeth—one of the chief causes of decay. Fight it with this special film-removing tooth paste.

If you were to allow your teeth to go even one day without brushing them, a coating of film would form and hide their natural brilliance. Your teeth would become dull and unattractive. You could easily see this ugly coating by looking into the mirror or feel it by rubbing your tongue over your teeth.

The new cleansing and polishing material in Pepsodent Tooth Paste gently removes this film and reveals the clean enamel surfaces of your teeth. Besides removing this dull coating, Pepsodent polishes teeth to a sparkling brilliance. It does these two things with perfect safety because its cleansing and polishing material is soft—yes, twice as soft—as that ordinarily used in tooth pastes. Start using Pepsodent Tooth Paste today.

Pepsodent

Use Pepsodent Tooth Paste twice a day—see your dentist at least twice a year

THE RIDDLE OF LIFE

——is not what the ancient philosophers thought it to be. The riddle to-day is unemployment, unstable income and insufficient earning. Have you not had this riddle to solve? Are you still trying to solve it? If so, may we help you? We may bring to you fresh hope, fresh courage for the future

HINDUSTHAN CO-OPERATIVE
INSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.
Commissariat Bldg., Hornby Rd., Fort, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office: NATIONAL INSURANCE BUILDING,
7, Council House Street, CALCUTTA

New Business Completed during 1932
Rs. 1,55,61,720

Largest Company amongst purely INDIAN MANAGED Life Insurance Offices.

Minimum Rates	Maximum Benefits.
CLAIMS PAID OVER	Rs. 1,00,00,000
TOTAL ASSETS EXCEED	Rs. 1,90,00,000

Bombay Branch: R. G. DAS & CO.,
National Insurance Building, Managers.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

FIRE & ACCIDENT RISK covered by

NATIONAL FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Bombay Representatives:—
M. P. GOKALDAS & CO., MULJI JETHA & CO.,
NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. Bombay Branch.

T. U. MOVEMENT TOUCHES ONLY FRINGE

Organise Agricultural Labour & All Salaried Employees To Establish Socialistic State, Exhorts Mr. Giri

Delivering the opening address of the North Arcot District Labour Conference, Vellore, on Sunday, Mr. V. V. Giri said:—

In Great Britain, the Trades Councils serve the purpose of bringing in together various branches of Trade Unions for taking common action in regard to local matters. More times than not, as these Councils are composed of units which have divided loyalty, frictions frequently have been experienced between the Central Workers' Organisation of the country and the Local Trades Councils. In the light of this experience, it seems to me to be of utmost importance that the Central Organisation should have or establish centres in every part of the country—the net work running through not only Districts but also through Taluqs, villages and colonies of workers, and these branches should be entrusted with the task of not only defining common action for existing Trade Unions but also with the task of organising the vast number of unorganised workers. The local branches without militating against the policy of the Central Organisation will provide points of contact for workers engaged in various undertakings at every centre.

DEFINITION OF LABOUR.

In this connection, I must mention that there seems to be popular misconception about the term "Labour" and it is held only to comprise factory workers and certain sections of industrial undertakings. Recently, the Madras Government have indicated that clerical employees will be excluded from the definition in so far as Railways are concerned, for the purpose of preparing an electoral roll. This is wrong and unjust. The working class comprises all those who are not dependent for their livelihood on property incomes but are obliged to sell their services their mental and physical energies—their labour power, in order to live, "the alternative being charity, robbery or dependence on the State." Not only a manual worker but also a salaried employee like a clerk or a doctor is a labourer. Not only employees in the factories and industrial undertakings are workers but also those employed in agriculture, commercial and other undertakings. In the circumstances, it will be realised that a vast majority of the population belong to the working classes in our country.

SCOPE FOR ORGANISATION.

Trade Union Movement has as yet touched only a fringe of the working class in our country. Agricultural labour has been comparatively neglected although there are about five million agricultural labourers in this Presidency. Only railways and textile industries are comparatively better organised and the undertakings run by small employers have not been organised. There is no proper cohesion amongst the few existing organisations.

The present trade depression resulting in wage-cuts and retrenchments has had the effect of placing another obstacle to the growth of our Movement. The attitude of employers both private and State has been in effect one of discouragement bordering upon active hostility to Trade Unions. The organisations of Government servants like the Postal workers, are not allowed to affiliate themselves with other Trade Unions and not allowed to themselves registered under the Trade Union Act. Most of the Trade Unions though registered under the Trade Union Act are not recognised by employers. This is true of even State undertakings like the Railways.

PLEA FOR SOCIALIST PARTY.

The defective system in England whereby the Labour Party, the Trade Union Movement and the Co-operative Movement are independent of one another with consequent disastrous results should be borne in mind when thinking of organising similar activities in this country. These three Movements must form a holy trinity as in Belgium. A common policy directed by the National Trade Union centre should be followed by these three organisations. The aim of the Trade Unions affiliated to the National Trades Union Federation is to establish a Socialistic State and for this purpose not only industrial activities through Trade Unions by negotiation and direct action but also political activities have to be resorted to by every peaceful, legitimate and democratic method. One branch of the activity of the Trade Union Movement should not be independent of the other and the political branch of the central organisation must be responsible for organising and controlling a Socialist Party in this country.

There is another reason why there should be a common Socialist Party for the whole country. Labour Legislation, Railways and similar subjects of vital importance to Labour will be federal or central subjects and Labour cannot afford to have divided views in regard to these matters.

The Trade Union Act and the Trade Disputes Act have to be amended in a way satisfactory to the workers and this cannot be done without a united opposition on the part of the workers to the reactionary proposals and measures already in existence.

ESTABLISH CO-OP. SOCIETIES.

The Trade Union Act admits of co-operative activities on the part of the Trade Unions and it is essential that our Movement should give special attention to Social Insurance so that the workers may be provided for against every form of risk by a comprehensive Insurance Scheme run on co-operative lines. Besides this, workers Co-operative Societies should be encouraged and established so that in the long run, this side of the Movement may be strengthened to be a second line of defence of the workers against capitalistic onslaughts.

VALUE OF PROPAGANDA.

Every method of propaganda through meetings, mass-demonstrations, the film and the radio (as mentioned by the Lothian Committee) should be utilised in conducting organisational activities throughout the country. Labour must have its own Daily to give expression to its grivances, aims and aspirations.

It may be, there is no prospect of labour coming to power for some decades to come but in the meanwhile, the workers' organisations have great responsibilities in so educating the public opinion on socialistic view points that anti-labour men may have no chance of a public career in this country. It is indeed deplorable that few public men realise the duty of public institutions to the workers in the matter of their fundamental rights such as security of service, adequate wages and proper conditions of work.

CO-ORDINATED DEFENCE.

Among our own rank and file, workers must be educated on the broad principles of Socialism and on the necessity of co-ordinated action when especially industrial conflicts are in progress or whenever they feel exposed to common attacks.

In this connection, I may mention of the recent decision of the International Federation of Trade Unions to organise an international boycott of German goods in retaliation against Fascism. Similar method of defence will become increasingly necessary say, when a textile employer is unreasonable; certification of goods by Union label must become a common practice.

ONLY SIX SEATS.

Now coming to future constitution of our country, it is needless to say, the political power that will be transferred to this country will be insignificant and much more to the masses. The workers will still be at the tender mercies of the governing classes, both European and Indian. The possible allocation of 6 seats for Labour in Madras Provincial Legislature has already aroused the attention of the vested interests. Six seats even if occupied by the best representatives of Labour, will not materially advance the interests of the workers. But at the same time, workers should see that no seat of power is left to be exploited by anti-Trade Unionists.

POOL YOUR RESOURCES.

I must make myself clear that I do not attach undue immportance to the capturing of seats in the Legislatures. Most of the work has to be done outside. The economic prosperity of our country has got to be restored by pooling all resources and special Economic Councils will have to be set up for ensuring a planned economic regeneration for the nation, so that material prosperity may be properly shared by the workers and new avenues of employment developed by the impetus given to indigenous industries. While socialists cannot reconcile themselves to a capitalistic state, there is much which our countrymen can profit by a study of President Roosevelt's Industrial Recovery Programme which is the highest effort of capitalism to get out of the present trade depression. In conclusion, our salvation lies only in our own hands, and with these words, I have much pleasure to declare this Conference open.

EMIL JANNINGS IN SHAKESPEARE AGAIN

Emil Jannings, the film star, is to take the title role in "King Lear," which is being produced at Berlin during the coming theatre season. Jannings made his name in Shakesperian roles, and has often declared that Lear is his favourite part. He is appearing at the Volksbuhne which is also staging the "Taming of the Shrew."

STOP CRIMES AGAINST WOMEN

Bengal Appeal To Contribute To Protection Fund

The Secretary of the Women's Protection Committee of the Bengal Hindu Sabha Calcutta writes:

The problem of crimes against women has become very acute in this province. Forcible abductions, rape, molestation and enticement of women have become so frequent that not a day passes but some cases are reported from almost every part of the province. The unreported cases far exceed the reported ones. The appalling number of such crimes against our women should set all well-wishers of Society seriously thinking. They are an attack on the very social fabric of the country.

The evil must be tackled effectively and rooted out from the land.

VIGILANCE SOCIETIES.

In order to effectively combat the evil it is necessary to organise the resources of the people against it. It has been proposed by the Women Protection Committee of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha to organise vigilance societies in villages and also agitate for the adoption of such measures by the authorities as are calculated to put a stop to these crimes. A very large amount of money is required for the purpose.

APPEAL.

We, therefore, most fervently appeal to the generous public and all well-wishers of society to contribute their mite to the Women Protection Fund started by the Committee. All contributions should be sent to the Secretary, Women Protection Committee, Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha at 36, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

SIGNATORIES.

The signatories to the appeal include: Sir P. C. Ray; Santosh Kumar Basu (Mayor of Calcutta); Jogindra Narayan Ray (Maharaja of Natore); Srls Chandra Nandy (Maharaja of Cossimbazar); Bhupendra Narayan Sinha (Raja of Nashipur); Hirendra Nath Datta (President, Bengal Provincial Hindu Sabha); Ramananda Chatterjee; (Lady) Abala Bose; Sarala Devi Chowdhurani; Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, B. N. Sasmal; Prabhudayal Himatsingka; Hanuman Prosad Poddar; Padamraj Jain.

A bevy of high-grade productions is to mark the season, among them being Signor Mussolini's "Hundred Days," in which Werner Krauss will take the part of Napoleon, and Shakespeare's "Julius Caesar," both of which are being staged at the State Theatre.

Invigorating

HELPS DIGESTION
STRENGTHENS
CHEST and LUNGS

TO RESTORE
LOST MEMORY
VITALITY
STRENGTH
AJANK VIGRAH PILLS
Rupee ONE per tin (32 pills)
AJANK VIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar

Save Your Income-Tax
BY CONSULTING **PAREKH & Co**
Incorporated Certified Accountants
Public Accountants, Auditors, Income Tax and Super Tax Experts
Telephone No. 24185.
OFFICE :—
M. P. Baria Building, Pydhony, Bombay

? ? ?

Have you heard the News of the day? UNIQUE is the BEST Insurance Company.

UNIQUE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.
Chief Agents:—
Messrs. ASIATIC TRADING CO.
33, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE DUNLOP WAY IN WORK AND PLAY

DUNLOP

D.55

DUNLOP SPORTS GOODS—SOLD THROUGHOUT INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON by the DUNLOP RUBBER Co. (INDIA), Ltd.

Flaky curds-extra-small fat globules-make

LACTOGEN

easy to digest

Happy contentment when baby is fed on Lactogen. It does him good—and he seems to know it.

Lactogen, a Nestle product, is pure, fresh, full-cream milk, with extra cream and natural milk sugar added, dried and made in all important respects, exactly like breast milk. Our Lactogen process modifies the casein of the fresh milk so that it forms a fine flaky curd in Baby's stomach, just as does breast milk. Another process breaks up the fat into very tiny globules.

Lactogen Mother Booklet free on application to "NESTLE'S", P. O. Box 315, Bombay.

(Prepared in Australia.)

"LACTOGEN" BETTER MILK FOR BABIES A Nestlé Product

LA 2-32

DEODHAR IMPRESSES WESTERN MUSICIANS

His Strasbourg Concert Enthusiastically Applauded & Lecture Translated Into German Extempore

A Strasbourg correspondent writes:—

Music making in unique conditions has been going on in Strasbourg from the 7th to the 16th of August. The main idea of this International Music-Festival was to produce modern music, written during the last fifteen years. Works produced represented Austria Belgium Denmark, England, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Juggslavia, Norway, Poland, Russia, Switzerland, Tchekoslovakia, Composers, Instrumentalists, Singers and conductors of International fame had come to take part in the actual performances. Each concert was devoted to works of one nation and this feast of excellent music has been going on for ten days. In some cases the composers themselves conducted their own compositions. Most of the performances reached a very high level. This festival was unique in having Professor Deodhar from Bombay to represent India.

DEODHAR'S PERFORMANCE.

What India will be especially interested in is the occasion devoted to Indian Music. Saturday afternoon, the 12th of August was reserved for Professor Deodhar's lecture and demonstration of Indian music. All the musicians taking part in the festival attended the lecture which was held in the spacious hall of the Conservatore of Music.

The discourse of Professor Deodhar treated briefly the historical past and traced the growth of the art to the present day. At the end he explained the broad differences between Indian and Western music. His speech was translated into German extempore by Mr. Alan Bush Professor of Harmony and Composition at the Royal Academy of Music, London, one of whose compositions had been performed during the festival. Indian songs given by Professor Deodhar accompanied by the Tambora were enthusiastically applauded and after the lecture was over he was pressed to sing further examples. Though the Indian music was new in its form and spirit to the Western musical world assembled in the hall the impression created was very deep. Professor Deodhar's expert technique and tasteful manner of expression has created a very high opinion of the music of his nation.

NOTED MUSICIANS.

The noted musical personalities of Europe present among the audience were Professor Fritz Muench, Bertus van Lier, Alexander Jemnitz, Wladimir Vogel, Professor Alois Haba, Harriet Cohen and Marya Freund.

Both the French and German newspapers of Strasbourg contained articles which clearly showed the interest Professor Deodhar's lecture and performance had aroused.

A STATE WITHOUT JEWS

Nazis' "Racial Expert" Envisages Future Of Germany

Dr. Gerecke, the "expert for racial investigation" in the Ministry of the Interior, has drawn up a memorandum on the subject of the future treatment of Jews in Germany. The final paragraph gives a clue to the whole memorandum. It reads (says Reuter's Berlin correspondent):

We must build up our State without the Jews, who can only remain as strangers without a country and can possess no legal position here. Thus will our Ahasuerus ("Wandering Jew") be compelled to take up his wanderer's staff again.

ALBANIAN YOUTH MURDERS EX-PREMIER

Hassan Bey, Principal Rival Of King Zogu, Had Adventurous Career

Hassan Bey Prishtina, who at one time was Prime Minister of Albania, has been assassinated in Salonika by a young Albanian. Hassan Bey was a great Albanian patriot and the principal rival of King Zog, writes the Vienna correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian".

He was a native of Kossovo Polje, a large plain in Southwestern Yugo-Slavia inhabited by an overwhelmingly Albanian population. He spent his youth at Mitrovitza, the chief town of this plain. In those days Turkish pashas ruled in the vilayet to which Mitrovitza belonged. As a young man he headed repeated revolts against the Turks under Abdul Hamid II. In 1908, when the Young Turks deposed the Sultan, Hassan Bey was elected to the Constantinople Parliament. Four years later, together with Ismail Vlora (Ismail Bey Kemal), he raised the standard of Albanian independence in Valona. The movement was crowned with success, and in 1913 the Powers recognised Albania's independence.

After the war Hassan Bey Prishtina became the head of the Kossovo Committee working for the independence of the Albanians under Yugo-Slav rule. In 1920 he became Prime Minister of his country. Shortly afterwards Yugo-Slavia invaded the northern provinces of Albania. The intervention of the League of Nations brought the conflict to an end, and Hassan Bey, as head of the Kossovo Committee, had to retire. His friends supported the short-lived regime in 1924 of the Orthodox Bishop Fan Noli; when, at Christmas, 1924, Achment Zogu (now King Zog) returned to Tirana, with Yugo-Slav help, Hassan Bey Prishtina sought refuge in Bari, Italy. It is said that the various conspiracies against King Zog's life were engineered by him.

I saw him often, between 1927, and 1931, sitting in his favourite cafe in Vienna. Every morning about eleven o'clock he held his "Cabinet Council", adjoining tables being occupied by his bodyguards; for Hassan not only conspired but was conspired against. When in 1931 shots were fired against King Zog as he left the Vienna Opera Hassan Bey was expelled from Vienna. He returned early this year, but suspecting attempts on his life he returned to the Balkans, to Salonika. There he has died from the bullets of one who conspired better.

CHILD BEARING & CONSUMPTION

Close Connection Observed At Certain Age

Between 1900 and 1927 the general tuberculosis death-rate in certain American States fell from 195 per 100,000 to 76—i.e., by 61 per cent. The death-rate for males between the ages of 15 and 19 fell 58 per cent, and for females only 46 per cent. For the ages 20-24 the figures respectively are 64 per cent and 53 per cent. The disparity between the improvement for boys and for girls has been growing.

Dr. Edna Nicholson has studied this disparity as exemplified by 180 fatal cases occurring among girls in the city of Detroit in 1930. She was unable to explain the disparity completely, but detected the effects of certain factors, of which the most important was early child-bearing. The loss of one or both parents seemed to have a slight influence, but effects due to large families, family income, housing, food clothing, and employment were not noticeable.

Dr. Nicholson considers that certain emotional dispositions have an effect through impelling girls into early marriage. Childbearing, especially before the age of twenty, had in the observed cases a close connection with the onset of tuberculosis. This severe physiological disturbance and the physiological disturbances of adolescence are, she thinks, the chief agencies which reduce the health of gris and expose them more than boys to tuberculosis attack.

Will not Stain: Spray Harmless to Man

POYSHA

THE ONLY EFFECTIVE & BEST Insecticide Fluid with Delightful Purfums useful for every Home

KILLS MOSQUITOES

Flies, Ants, Moths, Cockroaches. Bugs, & their eggs etc., etc.

Sold by all respectable CHEMISTS & STORES

Largest Stockists In Dava Bazar

CHAMPSI NARSEE & Co.,

SOLE STOCKIST NASIK DISTRICT
The Nasik Road, MEDICAL & PROVISION STORES, Nasik Road.
SOLE STOCKISTS BELGAUM DISTRICT.
ANANT N. GHOLBA, Khade Bazaar.
Sole Distributors:—POY BROTHERS, BOMBAY No. 2.

THE

ARYAN MUTUAL

Life Assurance Society, Ltd.,

MUTUAL SWADESHI **PROGRESSIVE**

GUARANTEED BONUS Rs. 30

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

HEAD OFFICE:
Bruce Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SOAPS WHICH NEVER VARY IN QUALITY
---- & WHICH CAN NEVER BE IMITATED

Ira, Reva, Sandal, Jayanti and Charmos are finest toilet soaps, prepared by Bengal Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works, Ltd. These are products of careful research and experimentation by our expert soap chemists.

IRA
REVA
SANDAL
JAYANTI
CHARMOS

B. C. P. W. Soaps are bland and pure and never vary in quality. There is no difference in opinion regarding the quality of Bengal Chemical Soaps—they are universally recognised as the best.

BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LD., CALCUTTA

Sole Agents for Bombay:—ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Devkaran Mansion, Princess Street

MONSOON STRONG ALONG WEST COAST

Scattered Thundershowers Reported From East & North Punjab & General Rainfall From Gujarat & Konkan

POONA, Sept. 10.

The Bay depression crossed the coast early this morning and now lies near Jagdalpur in east Central Provinces.

A shallow depression has formed off Konkan and Kathiawar coast and is centred this morning about eighty miles to west-north-west of Bombay.

The monsoon has been strong along the west coast of the Peninsula in north Deccan, Gujarat, east Rajputana, west Central India, north Madras coast, Tenasserim and Pegu and active in Orissa and Central provinces. Scattered thundershowers are also reported from east and north Punjab.

Rainfall was nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Berar, Gujarat, Konkan, north Hyderabad, Malabar and north Madras coast and local in Upper Burma, Central Provinces, east and North Punjab, east Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, south Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls occurred in Bengal, Assam, west United Provinces, and west Central India.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Port Blair and Minbu three inches. Mergui and Rangoon two; Victoria Point one and a half; Tavoy, Diamond Island, Cuttack and Sibsagar one; Cox's Bazaar, Darjeeling and Dhubri half; Indore, Jubbulpore and Chanda three quarters; Jagdalpur and Khandwa half; Surat three; Veraval two; Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Kotah, Hissar and Dharampur one; Udaipur, Lahore, Sialkot, Dwarka and Bhuj half; Bombay four; Mahableshwar and Cocanada two; Nizamabad, Mangalore and Mercara one and a half; Masulipatam, Vizagapatam and Gopalpur one; Ahmednagar and Poona three quarters.

FORECAST:

Rainfall will increase in Konkan, Bombay Deccan, west Central Provinces, west Central India and East Rajputana and extend in west Rajputana and Sind. Monsoon will continue strong in Gujarat, Tenasserim and Pegu and active in north Madras coast, east Central provinces, Hyderabad and Malabar. Scattered thundershowers will recur in and near Punjab Kumaon hills.

Heavy rainfally warning: locally heavy rain is likely in north Konkan and Gujarat during the next forty-eight hours.—A.P.

Bombay City Rainfall

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 9/9/33 Colaba Point 1.23" Fort 1.40" J J Hospital 1.45" Cotton Laboratory Matunga 2.56"

Total since 1st June to date Colaba Point 47./9" Fort 75.18" J J Hospital 54.25" Cotton Laboratory Matunga 51.95"

Total for the corresponding period of 1932 Colaba Point 62.52" Fort 69.20" J J Hospital 65.15"

Total for the corresponding period of 1931 Colaba Poin 78.32" Fort 87.05" J J Hospital 80.28"

ALL-INDIA WEATHER REPORT

The following table gives the details of rainfall for the 24 hours ended at 3 a.m. on Friday together with the rainfall departure from normal since June 1:—

Stations.	Past 24 hours.	Since 1st June.	Departure from normal.
Allahabad	0.4	9.7	—10.6
Agra		27.3	+6.1
Ambala		47.9	+27.1
Ahmednagar	1.3	19.1	+6.1
Ajmer		27.4	+10.5
Ahmedabad		36.1	+12.1
Akola	0.4	27.3	+4.8
Bombay	1.1	45.0	—13.6
Benares	0.7	23.5	—6.6
Bareilly	0.9	34.1	+0.7
Bangalore		21.3	+6.9
Bhopal		37.0	
Chittagong	1.1	90.3	+23.4
Calcutta	0.9	49.4	+9.3
Cuttack	0.4	55.6	+27.5
Cawnpore	0.1	119.1	—3.8
Calicut	T	82.6	+7.7
Colombo	0.1	32.6	+15.0
Dehra Dun	T	81.2	+13.4
Delhi		43.3	+23.9
Darjeeling	0.1	87.4	—0.5
Hyderabad Dn.	0.7	27.5	+7.9
Hyderabad Sind		6.7	+1.1
Jhansi	0.3	26.6	—2.5
Jubbulpore		36.0	78.7
Jacobabad		5.1	+3.0
Jaipur		30.1	+10.3
Khandwa		24.1	+1.8
Karachi	18.5	+	12.8
Lucknow	0.2	11.0	—18.5
Ludhiana	0.1	22.7	+3.3
Lahore		16.0	+2.3
Lyallpur		13.2	+3.2
Multan		2.2	—2.6
Mysore	0.2	17.0	+6.3
Madras		5.1	—6.7
Maymyo		39.2	+11.4
Marmagoa	0.7	83.7	
Mussoorie	2.3	82.0	+15.6
Mahableshwar	2.7	241.4	+3.3
Mount Abu		71.3	+18.6
Nagpur	T	47.2	+10.1
Peshawar	0.3	6.1	+2.1
Patna		39.9	+3.9
Poona	0.6	21.6	+5.5
Pachmarhi	0.9	72.2	+11.4
Quetta		3.1	+1.8
Ranchi	0.5	35.5	—4.3
Rawalpindi	T	25.3	+4.0
Rangoon	0.5	60.5	—1.0
Ratnagiri	1.4	96.3	+10.5
Rajkot		19.1	+2.9
Sialkot		30.2	+9.8
Srinagar		11.2	+4.7
Sholapur	0.7	16.2	+0.7
Shillong	T	45.9	—1.9
Simla	1.0	34.4	—9.5

T denotes a fall of from 1 to 4 cents.

FACILITIES FOR ORPHAN BOYS

Shree Hindu Anath Ashram's Offer

The Manager of Shree Hindu Anath Ashram Bombay writes:

Arrangements have been made on behalf of "Shree Hindu Anath Ashram" Jamri Mohalla, 28 Bapu Khote Street Bombay to receive orphans and those poor boys having behind only mother or father, and give them the necessary facilities for education.

Boys between 3 to 13 years of age only will be admitted into the Ashram.

Boys intending to study will be given lodging and boarding free and sent to any Municipal or Government School, the required fees being paid by the institution.

Such of those boys who choose any art will be taught free and given lodging and boarding free.

If any art chosen by the student doesn't fall within the curriculum of the Ashram, he will be sent to some respectable firm for practical training.

RIVAL CLAIMANTS TO CHINESE ISLANDS

Japanes Object To French Occupation

Japan has made a demarche in Paris asserting her claim to the small archipelago in the South China Sea recently occupied by France, sovereignty over which the French Government proclaimed in July. The Japanese move is not a protest but a statement of the Japanese case, says the Manchester Guardian."

Mr. Sawada, the Japanese Charge d'Affaires, called at the Foreign Office in mail week. He left no written note but in the course of an oral statement, he declared that the Rasa Company, a Japanese phosphate company, had explored the archipelago(eleven islands in all) as early as 1918. Afterwards they began the exploitation of the natural resources of the islands, chiefly phosphate and guano, and continued the work until the spring of 1929, when to the economic depression the company had to stop the work, and as a sign that they intended to return they set up posts with the name of the company and buried boxes in the earth, with the company's name inscribed, in all the the islands.

Mr. Sawada said that the Japanese Government considered that they had some title to the islands and did not regard the French Government's notification of occupation, without inquiring about the intention of the Japanese Government, as "appropriate."

The Foreign Office promised that the Japanese statement of claim would be given due consideration.

Official quarters here, says Reuter's Paris correspondent, are reticent and desire to minimise the incident, but it appears probable that the French Government, while promising to respect Japanese economic interests, will reject the Japanese claim to political sovereignty, of which Japan has made no declaration hitherto. Moreover, it is pointed out that the Japanese national flag has never been planted on the islands.

ENTERPRISING U. P. MUNICIPALITIES

Must Be Held Responsible For Tax-Payers' Money, Says P. W. D. Officer

NAINI TAL (By Mail.)

Severe strictures on local authorities "in their neglect of rules of procedure and in their irregularities and delay" are contained in the 38th annual report of the Superintending Engineer, Public Health Department, United Provinces, for the year ending March 31, 1933.

The total value of projects including preliminary proposals and forecasts of cost which have been prepared during the year under report was Rs. 29.38 lakhs, while construction carried out amounted in value to Rs. 3.36 lakhs.

TELLING FIGURES.

The administration report of the 28 municipalities received showed that these bodies had incurred a total expenditure of nearly one and a quarter crores of rupees of which nearly Rs. 70 lakhs constitute expenditure on public works. The expenditure on water works in those municipalities where water works function amounted to over Rs. 25 lakhs during the year.

Special attention was devoted to rendering more effective the Government order concerning the method of carryig out public works ad advice was freely given whenever asked for by the local authorities. Several instances have been noticed where losses are distinctly traceable to non-compliance with the order.

HOLD THEM RESPONSIBLE

Mere suppression seems to be an inadequate means of dealing with such bodies. A more effective method perhaps would be to hold erring board responsible in person and in pocket for loss of tax-payers' money.

The most striking feature concerning municipal enterprise in water supply is the colossal loss which the tax-payer suffers with apparent complacency.

Unyielding opposition is encountered in controlling distribution and in applying meters. Interests as regards the accuracy of records of quality supplied and costs is absent. Investigations in some municipalities show that the scale of ferrule rating in vogue is very unfair where pressures are low and this discloses the necessity for adjustments to the scale generally used.

PENALISING METERED CONSUMERS

A comparison of the revenue derived through meters with that derived from water rate assessment indicates that the margin between the authorised charges for water through meters and the cost of water is too great. This margin is taken advantage of by several local authorities to penalise metered consumer while providing water at less than cost price under assessment ratings.

With the increase in demand, it is becoming clear that many of the water supply systems have become far too large and important to be managed by local authorities. The recognition of this has resulted in proposed alterations in the Municipalities Act whereby local authorities, where they so desire, may transfer their duties under the Act to private utility companies with the consent of Government.—A.P.

LUXMI TUTORIAL AND COM. INSTITUTE

List Of Successful Condidates

The following is the list of successful candidates in the Examinations noted below:—

LONDON CHAMBER OF COM. (SPRING 1933.)

Itnal Kovind Krishnaji (Book-keeping), K. Sundaresa Iyer, B.A. (Shorthand Distinction and Type-writing). K. Venkataraman (Typewriting).

GOVT. COM. CERT. EXAM. APRIL 1933).

Reg. No. 49, S. Narayan, (Type-writing.)

PITMAN'S COM. EXAM. (LON.)

Typewriting:—V. B. Kamat (Inter. 1st class), K. V. Kadam (Inter. 1st class), K. Chidambaresan (Inter. 2nd class), V. S. Mani Elementary 1st class), S. C. Yadvadkar (Elementary 2nd class).

Book-keeping:—M. Subramaniam (Inter. 1st class). C. B. Patel (Elementary 1st class).

INSTITUTE OF BOOK-KEEPERS, (LON.)

Stage III. (Advanced). N. Srinivas, 1st class, 5th place in the United Kingdom.

Stage I. Part II. Manya Subramaniam, V. W. Pradhan.

Stage I. Part I. C. B. Patel.

Rajkot, September 8.—His Highness the Maharaja of Morvi will return from Europe sometime in October and will preside over the Hindu New Year's Day Durbar to be held at Morvi on October 20.—A.P.

PROTECT HIM!

He must be shielded from those ghastly diseases! Don't let him suffer through negligence. Our

SHAKTIVARDHAK MISHRAN

(A PURELY AYURVEDIC TONIC MIXTURE.)

'll keep him fit and hale. This the best remedy on cough, fever and other ailments of kiddies It will see your baby well under all weather conditions.

Re. 1 per bottle can be had at all stores and chemists and druggists

AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY, AHMEDNAGAR

Bombay Branch: 180 Girgaum Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY Ltd.

Established in Bombay 1871.

UNPRECEDENTED HIGH BONUSES

Rs. 26/- & Rs. 21/- per thousand per year on whole life and endowment policies respectively.

New Business Received during 1932 exceeds a crore.

For full particulars write to THE SECRETARY,

278, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

For those who want the BEST— these toilet soaps were made...

THOSE discerning people who insist upon the best will appreciate these six new Swadeshi toilet soaps. In every way they have been made to compare with the expensive quality soaps that come from abroad, yet because they are Swadeshi they can be offered at far lower prices.

Try them and judge for yourself—they have the added advantage of being entirely free from animal fat.

501 Toilet Soap

The same quality and value in a toilet soap that you have known in the famous 501 Washing Soap. It is absolutely pure, and is delicately scented with Jasmine.

As. 6 *for box of three tablets*

Hamam

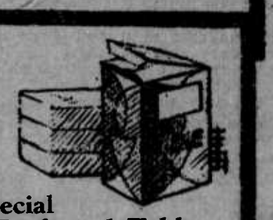
The ideal soap for your bath, giving a rich, creamy lather. Scented with Heliotrope.

As. 9 *for box of three tablets*

Moti

A delicate soap to guard the charm of beauty. No finer soap has ever been offered at so moderate a price.

Re. 1/8 *for box of six tablets*



Special Perfumed Tablets

Perfumed with Khus-khus. Similar soaps perfumed with Lavender, Fougere, Henna, Jasmine and others are being prepared.

As. 8 *for a packet of three tablets*

Eau de Cologne

The cool, refreshing qualities of Eau-de-Cologne are contained in this luxurious soap.

As. 12 *for packet of two large tablets*

Re. 1/8 *for box of three tablets*

Jai

An exquisite soap specially made for those discerning people who demand only the finest.

TOMCO

Sales Dept Post Box 528 Bombay

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED

TATAPURAM

EXPERIENCED USERS KNOW THAT "ELEPHANT BRAND" DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OIL MADE BY THE ELEPHANT OIL MILL, BOMBAY IS THE BEST SWADESHI LINSEED OIL

Facts Speak for themselves

THE NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY
THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
THE MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY
THE NIZAMS STATE RAILWAY
THE BURMAH RAILWAYS
THE BOMBAY BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY

AND

Several large Consuming Departments and Customers in All Parts of India use this Oil for Their Requirements

ELEPHANT BRAND LINSEED OIL

GIVES PAINT THE MAXIMUM COVERING CAPACITY AND IS THEREFORE MORE ECONOMICAL THAN OTHER DESHI OILS WHICH DO NOT POSSESS THIS FEATURE

STOCKS MAY BE HAD AT COMPETITIVE PRICES FROM

All first rate Bombay & upcountry dealers

INSURE YOUR LIFE with SWADESHI

ANDHRA INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

SOUND and SAFE LIFE OFFICE

AGENTS WANTED. Apply Hasim Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

SOME COTTON FACTS

Hedge Selling To Check Prices

Messrs. Bruel and Co. make the following observations regarding the Bureau Report:—

The 2nd American Bureau Report of the Season was published in New York yesterday and we give herewith the detailed figures together with the detailed figures for the corresponding Report of the past five Seasons:—

		Condition.	Crop Estimate.	Yield.	Ginned.
		p.c.			
1st September	1933	67.8	12,414000	197.8	1,394,000
Do.	1932	56.6	11,310,000	147.8	863,000
Do.	1931	68.0	15,685,000	183.6	565,976
Do.	1930	53.2	14,340,000	153.2	1,879,919
Do.	1929	55.4	14,825,000	152.2	1,568,434
Do.	1928	60.3	14,439,000	158.9	956,577

The comparison during recent Seasons between the present Crop forecast and the Final Ginning Figures (Linters excluded) is as follows:—

	September Crop Forecast.	Final Ginning Report.
1933-34	12,414,000	(??)
1932-33	11,310,000	2,710,000
1931-32	15,685,000	16,628,000
1930-31	14,340,000	13,756,000
1929-30	14,825,000	14,548,000
1928-29	14,439,000	14,297,000

These periodical Crop reports have so often sprung a surprise on the market, that it was a relief on this occasion to find that the report leaves the question of Supply very much as it was a month back, but nevertheless we find it no easier to-day to arrive at very decided views with regard to the probable future trend of prices. Immediately following the corresponding report last year March in New York was quoted at 8.25 with a Cross-rate of 3.48-1/2; this makes yesterday's closing quotation of 9.27 with a Cross-rate of 4.53 look relatively cheap, but with so much depending on the future actions of the U.S.A. Government in connection with inflation, it needs a very bold man to dare to say whether we will have to reckon with higher or lower prices.

For the present the market will certainly have to reckon with continued hedge selling and this will tend to keep prices in check.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

LONDON DISCOUNTS RATEE.

London, Sept. 9.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	0-7/16 pc to 0-7/16 pc
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	0-11/16 pc
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate	2 pc
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	2-1/2 pc to 3 pc

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 9.

T. London on:—	
Berlin	13.44
Amsterdam	7.95
Brussels	23.02
Madrid	38.50
Milan	60.81
Berne	16.61
Paris	82.09
Prague	108.12
T. T. London on New York	4.52-3/8
Interest day to day loan	0-1/4 pc
Interest 7 day's market loan	0-3/4 p.c.

London Stock Exchange is closed to-day (9/9/33).

SEEDS.

London, Sept. 9.

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) C.I.F. ton.	
No offers	
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) C.I.F. ton.	
£10/0/0 Sept/Oct sellers	
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent ton	
£10/0/0 Sept/Oct sellers	

LINSEED.

London, Sept. 9.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton	
£11/13/9 Sept/Oct sellers	
Linseed Laplata C.I.F. Hull ton	
£11/12/6 Sept/Oct sellers	
Linseed Bombay (London) ton	
£13/2/6 Sept/Oct sellers	

LINSEED OIL.

London, Sept. 9.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
20/1-1/2 September paid	
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	
21/3 Jan/Apl. paid	

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Sept. 9.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb. spot	3-1/2 sellers

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Sept. 9.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels	
24/9 Sept/Oct sellers	
Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels	
24/3 Sept/Oct sellers	
Wheat South Australian Parcels	
26/6 Sept/Oct sellers.	

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, Sept. 9.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No 25	
C. & F. Calcutta	
Sept per cwt 7/7-1/2 value	
C. & F. Bombay	
Sept per cwt 7/7-1/2 value	
C. & F. Karachi	
Sept per cwt 7/4-1/2 value	

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Sept. 9.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) Spot	Closed

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 9.

October 1933	.68
December 1933	8.89
January 1934	8.96
March 1934	9.12
May 1934	9.28
Middling Spot	8.85

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 9.

October	8.61
December	8.84
Middling Spot	8.51
New York 10-56 a.m.	
October	
December	
New York Noon Call.	
October	
December	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

London, Sept. 9.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	28,/00
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	12,000

EGYPTIAN COTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 9

EAKELIARIDIS.	
October 1933	6 73
November 1933	6.83
January 1934	6.91
March 1934	7.06
May 1934	7.17
June 1934	7.27
July 1934	7.27
F.G.F. Spot	7.12

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 9

BROACH.	
Fully Godd (Good Staple)	4.27
Fine (Good Staple)	4.42
Superfine (Good Staple)	4.57
OOMRA.	
Good (No 1 Staple)	4.46
Fine (No 1 Staple)	4.60
Choice (No 1 Staple)	4.75
BENGAL.	
Good	3.34
Fine	3 44
Superfine	3.54
SCINDE.	
Good	3.44
Fine	3.54
Superfine	3.54

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 9

	10-10 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
September		5.18
October	5.19	5.20
November		5.20
December		5.22
January	5.23	5.24
February		5.26
March		5.28
April		5.30
May		5.32
June		5.34
July		5.36
August		5.37
September		5.38
Middling Spot		5.32

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 9.

Silver market is steady.	
Spot	18-1/16
Forward	18-1/8

LONDON GOLD.

London, Sept. 9.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£6/9/2-1/2

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Gold Above Franc Parity

We have received the following weekly market report from Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., London, dated August 23:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £190,162,445 on the 16th instant, showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

Purchases of Bar Gold by the Bank of England during the week amounted to £6,732.

Moderate amounts of gold have been available daily in the open market, but the premium over the franc parity has been too high for Continental purchasers, and the bulk of the supplies has been taken for undisclosed destinations.

Quotations during the week:—

	Per Fine Ounce.	Equivalent value of £ Sterling.
August 17th	125|3d	13|6.79d
August 18th	125|-	13|7.11d
August 19th	125|-	13|7.11d
August 21st	125|2d	13|6.89d
August 22nd	125|3d	13|6.79d
August 23rd	125|5d	13|6.57d
Average	125|2.17d	13|6.88d

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold registered from mid-day on the 14th inst. to mid-day on the 21st instant:

IMPORTS.

	£
Germany	37,678
France	166,072
Iraq	20,184
China	80,665
United States of America	29,997
British South Africa	1,984,897
British India	479,508
British Malaya	82,643
Hong Kong	121,835
New Zealand	7500
Trinidad and Tobago	10,100
Other Countries	19,386
	£3,040,465

EXPORTS.

Netherlands	£1,303,612
Belgium	177,900
France	25,087
Switzerland	102,205
Italy	505,171
Greece	1,623,137
Other Countries	1,692
	£3,738,804

The s.s. "Mooltan" which sailed from Bombay on the 19th instant, carries gold to the value of £2,036,000 of which £714,000 is consigned to London and £322,000 to Amsterdam.

The following are the details of the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold for the month of July last:—

	Imports.	Exports.
Germany	£ 140,096	£4,062
Netherlands	3,989,031	239,338
Belgium	325,934	
France	6,338,733	821,775
Switzerland	2,307,095	28,177
West Africa	142,999	
United States of America	1,351,615	
Peru	71,000	
Union of South Africa & South West Africa Territory	5,215,600	
Rhodesia	310,604	
British India	3,426,017	
British Malaya	220,384	
China	485,460	
Hong Kong	86,820	
Australia	767,029	
New Zealand	50,615	
Canada	242,493	
Newfoundland	320,719	
Other Countries	196,510	55,147
	£86,988,754	£1,148,499

SILVER.

During the past week, rates have been maintained within narrow limits. Bear covering and China support have countered without difficulty re-sales from the latter quarter and offerings from the Continent.

America has both bought and sold, but dealing in the afternoons have been on a rather smaller scale. Speculators and the Indian Bazaars have again worked both ways.

The undertone is considered good, with, however, little prospect of any wide movements in the near future.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of silver registered from mid-day on the 14th inst. to mid-day on the 21st inst:

IMPORTS.

Soviet Union (Russia)	£73,100
Belgium	2,873
Netherlands	24,441
France	8,078
Japan	8,532
United States of America	40,378
Australia	8,450
British India	12,943
Other Countries	663
	£179,458

EXPORTS.

Norway	1,476
Germany	1,340
France	2,021
Other Countries	1,803
	£6,640

Quotations during the week:

IN LONDON.

Bar silver per ounce standard.

	Cash delivery.	Two months delivery.
August 17th	17-3/4	17-7/8
August 18th	17-7/8	18
August 19th	17-13/16	17-15/16
August 21st	17-13/16	17-15/16
August 22nd	17-13/16	17-15/16
August 23rd	17-15/16	18-1/16
Average	17.833d	17.968d.

IN NEW YORK.

(per ounce .999 fine)

August 16th	35-3/16 cents.
August 17th	36-1/4 cents.
August 18th	36-1/8 cents.
August 19th	36-1/8 cents.
August 21st	36-1/4 cents.
August 22nd	36-1/4 cents.

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 17th inst. to the 23rd inst. was Dol. 4.55 and the lowest Dol. 4.37-3/4.

The stocks in Shanghai on the 19th inst. consisted about 125,-700,000 ounces in sycee, 285,000,-000 dollars and 6,970 silver bars as compared with about 125,500,-000 ounces in sycee, 285,000,-000 dollars and 6,480 silver bars on the 15th inst.

RETRENCHMENT IN WORKSHOP

B. N. R. Union Applies For Conciliation Board

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Sept. 9.

The B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union has again applied to the Government of India for appointment of a Board of Conciliation to settle the dispute that has arisen in consequence of the Railway Administration's decision to retrench 361 workmen of Kharagpur workshop.

The Union has suggested that the men should be given leave without pay by rotation and that they be paid from the voluntary contributions made by the workers.

The Railway Administration, it appears, did not accept the Union's suggestion as, in their opinion, there were legal difficulties in adopting such a course. Mr. T. R. Venkatrama Sastry, ex-Law Member to the Government of Madras and a member of the Murphy Court of Enquiry has, however, opined that there was nothing wrong legally in recovering voluntary contributions of the staff through pay or salary bills.

The Union has therefore sought the aid of the machinary provided by the Trades Disputes Act and is awaiting the Government of India's decision in the matter.

BOMBAY MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION

Current quotations of local made piece-goods and yarns.

Bombay, Sept. 8.

PIECEGOODS

	Rs. a. p. per lb.
Grey Unbleached—	
Longcloth (S. quality)	0 10 9
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	0 10 3
Shirtings	0 10 0
Dhoties (upto 1" nakhi border)	0 10 6
Drills	0 8 6
T. Cloths	0 9 9
Domestics	0 9 6
Domestics	0 10 0
Salita	0 9 9
Chadars	0 10 0
White Bleached—	per piece
Longcloth	not quoted
Striped Shirting	3 0 3
Twills	not quoted
Dyed Goods—	
Dyed Longcloth (black)	not quoted
Dyed Long cloth (napthol red)	not quoted
Fancy Goods—	
Susi, Greyl Weft	1 12 6
Sust Check	not quoted
Sholapur Coating	6 10 0
Sholapur Coating	5 8 0
Striped Drills	not quoted
Kashmere Cloth	2 8 0
	per dozen
Towels	not quoted
Yarn—	per lb.
4s Bump (nominal) ...	0 3 6
6½s All Waste	0 3 9
8½s	0 5 0
10½s	0 5 6
12½s	0 5 9
16s	0 6 9
20s	0 7 3
24s	0 9 0
32s	0 9 9
40s	0 11 9

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

September 9.

Shuja, Ward, Murmagao.
Kota Cigoemy, Hamersona, Genoa.
Vasna, Rome, Busrah.
Tairea, Greese, Durban.

DEPARTURES.

September 19.

Dalmore, Jones, Philadelphia.
City of Leicester, Celler, Marmagoa.
Gingo Maru, Ito, Kobe.

LOADING.

September 9.

Steamer Jalarashmi for Rangoon.
Steamer Skuld for Bangkok.
Steamer Cariguine for Trieste.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Tairea:—The B.I.S.N. Co's mail steamer Tairea arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban with mails, a general cargo and 466 passengers.

S.S. Shuja:—The T. M. Coy.'s steamer Shuja, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Marmagao, with ballast.

S.S. Kota Cigoemy:—The T. M. Co's steamer Kota Cigoemy, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Genoa, with a general cargo.

S.S. Vasna:—The B.I.S.N. Coy.'s steamer Vasna, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busrah, with a general cargo and 258 passengers.

S.S. Dalmore:—The Measrs. Ralli Brothers steamer Dalmore, sailed yesterday for Philadelphia, with a cargo of plicy seed.

S.S. City of Leicester:—The J. F. Coy.'s steamer city of Leicester sailed yesterday for Marmagoa, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S.S. Gingo Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Gingo Maru sailed yesterday for Kobe, with a general cargo and passengers.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept. 9.

4 C|o Yokohama 4721, Bhavnagar 15|9, K Nixon & Co.
8 Warfield 3805, London 15|9, M M & Co.
9 Ginyo Mars 6128, M'goa 10|9 N. Y. Kaisha.
14 Dalmore 3171, Philadelphia 9|9 Ralli Bros.

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Ormara 2978, Calcutta 10|9, M M & Co.
3 Barpeta 1882, P Gulf, 13|9, M. M. and Co.
6 C|o Leicester 1994, M'Coast 10|9, J Finlay & Co.
7 Newton Beech 2816, Port Said 16|9, L Dreyfus & Co.
9 Nizam 3334, N F N F T Morrison & Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Garmula 3234, Rangoon 10|9, M M & Co.
K Jalatarang, 1464, N.F. N.F. Scindia S.N. Co.
M Shuja 3-12, N F, N F, T. Morrison and Co.
N Jalarashmi 2681, N F 17-9 Scindia S N Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.

Maloja, 14|9, P. and O.S.N. Co.
Burdwan, 15|9, P. and O. S. N. Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

Mundra, 12|9, M.M. and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Kenneth, 23|9, J.F. Co.
Castalia, 27|9, G.T. Co.
C|o Barcelona 10|9, K N Co.
C|o Valencia 19|9, K N Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Sonnenfels 10|9, Edwards Ltd.
Tranenfels, 14|9, Edwards Ltd.
Goldenfels, 26|9, Edwards Ltd

FROM GENOA.

Kota Agoong, 9|9, T.M. Co.
Kota Baroe, 30|9, T.M. Co.

FROM NEW YORK

City of Birmingham 14|9, F.F. Campbell and Co.
President Garfield, 21|9, F. F. Campbell and Co.
Silvermaple, 17|9, Volkart Bros.

FROM KOBE.

Kidderpore 27|9 P & O S N Co.
Calcutta Maru 17|9, N Y Kaisha.
Malacca Maru 30|9, N Y Kaisha
Shunko Maru 10|9, O S Kaisha.
Alaska Maru 24|9 O S Kaisha
Carthage 22|9, P & O S N Co.

FROM BRISBANE.

Narkunda, 16|9, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Straithard 29|9, P & O S N Co.

FROM DURMAN.

Tairea 9/9. M M & Co.

Karanja, 23|9 M.M. and Co.
Takliwa, 7|10, M.M. and Co.

SAILING DATES OF

ENGLISH MAIL.

Narkunda, 16|9 P & O S N Co.
Carthage, 23|9 P & O S N Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

C|Yokohama N F K N Co.

FOR HULL.

Warfield 16|9, M M & Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Newton Beech N F L Drefuse & Co.

FOR BUSRAH.

Vasna 14|9, M M & Co.
Barpeta 23|9, M M & Co.

FOR RANGOON

Gurmula, N F M M and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA

Garada, 10|9 M M and Co.
Ormara NF M M and Co

FOR JEDDAH.

Alavi, N. F. T. M. Co.

FOR JAVA

Pasha N F T M Co.
Alipore N F, P and O S N Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ginyo Maru, 10|4 N Y Kaisha.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

C|o Leicester .....
Jalarashmi .....

EXPORTS.

Bombay, September 9.

S.S. Warfield for Dunkirk:—110 bales cotton raw P. Mathradas and Co.

For London:—616 bags myrabollum J. Moolchand and Co.

For Hull:—1820 bags castor seed P. Mathradas and Co.; 490 bags castorseed C. Jivanlal and Co.

S.S. City of Yokohama for Barcelona:—400 bales cotton raw B. Carsondas and Co.

S.S. Carignano for Piraeus:—100 bales cotton raw K. M. Nathoo; 500 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha, Ltd.

For Trieste:—371 bales cotton raw K.M. Nathoo; 13059 bags groundnuts Ralli Bros.; 1000 bags gingelly seed and 1050 bags castorseed L. Dreyfus and Co.; 1000 bags myrabollum C. Jivanlal and Co.

For Venice:—110 bales cotton raw K.M. Nathoo; 295 bales cotton raw O. Suleman and Co. 1750 bags castor seed K. Devchand and Co.; 4702 bags linseed L. Dreyfus and Co.; 1750 bags till seed and 2538 bags groundnuts Ralli Bros.

For Salonica:—100 bales cotton raw O. Suleman and Co.

For Fiume:—2305 bags gingelly seed L. Dreyfus and Co.

S.S. Gingo Maru for Dairen:—100 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, September 9.

S.S. Kaiser-I-Hind, agents M. M. and Co., from London:—260 cases provision; 75 cases gin; 210 cases whisky; 23 cases gripe water; 67 cases wine; 81 cases ovaltine; 50 cases condensed milk; 41 cases cigarettes; 61 cases paper; 90 cases castor oil; 47 cases glue case; 80 cases whiting; 250 cases cement; 72 cases tyres; 30 cases biscuits; 73 cases milk powder; 85 cases preserves; 90 cases medicine; 280 cases o'stores; 40 kgs. red lead; 332 drms. paint; 137 drms. varnish; 200 bales newspapers.

From Bordeaux:—25 cases brandy; 30 cases wine.

For Copenhagen:—135 cases milk.

From Danzig:—300 bags [illegible]

From Bosle:—60 cases [illegible] 21 brls. colour.

From Zurich:—45 cases silk and cotton piece [illegible]

From Marseilles:—24 [illegible] drugs; 16 cases silk [illegible] cases cheese; 80 cases [illegible] water; 31 cases [illegible] cases wine; 175 cases [illegible] bags lead ore; 461 bags bolts and nuts.

From Port Said:—40 bags emery.

From Aden:—30 cases velvet-teen.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 8.

	Season To-date	This Week	Corresponding Season 1932/33	Week 1932	
Total in Sight (excluding linters)	1029	259	833	262	bales
Forwarded to American Mills including Canada and other America, (excluding linters)	451	79	322	84	,,
Exports from U.S. Ports	709	154	663	156	,,
Of which to Japan	153	23	103	35	,,
Of which to China	19	1	46	3	,,
Of which to Great Britain	128	22	32	13	,,
Of which to Germany	124	26	160	39	,,
Stock at New York	—	123	—	203	,,
Stock at U.S. Ports	—	3028	—	3346	,,
Stock at U.S. Interior Towns	—	1119	—	1271	,,
World's Visible Supply	—	7847	—	8359	,,
Of which to American cotton	—	6243	—	6570	,,
Forwarded to the World's Mills (excluding linters)	1330	215	1066	189	,,
Receipts at U.S. Ports	753	188	646	184	,,

N.B.—All Figures are in thousands.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Bank as on the 1st September 1933.

LIABILITIES

Subscribed Capital	11,25 00 000	
Capital paid up	5,62 50 000	
Reserve	5,20 00 000	
Public Deposits	6,89 27 000	
Other Deposits	79,11 09 000	
Loans against securities per contra	—	
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	—	
Contingent Liabilities	—	
Sundries	100 26 000	
Rupees		97,83 12 000

ASSETS

Government Securities	4540 54 000	
Other authorized securities under the Act	82 82 000	
Ways and Means Advances to the Government of India	50 00 000	
Loans	2,88 37 000	
Cash Credits	15,17 06 000	
Inland bills discounted and purchased	1,73 13 000	
Foreign bills discounted and purchased	23 77 000	
Bullion	—	
Dead Stock	2,57 92 000	
Bankers' & Customers for contingent liabilities per contra	—	
Sundries	46 57 000	
Balances with other Banks	20 28 000	
	69,99 48 000	
Cash	27,83 64 000	
Rupees		97,83 12 000

The above balance sheet includes:—

Deposits in London £857,000.

Advances and Investments in London £842,500.

Cash and balances at other Banks in London £155,900.

Percentage 31.99.

Bank Rate 3½ per cent.

MEMORANDUM

Liabilities

Public Deposits Rs. 1,81,06,000 decrease.

Other Deposits Rs. 83,63,000 increase.

Assets.

Banks Investments Rs. 16,99,000 decrease.

Loans Rs. 5,37,000 decrease.

Cash Credits Rs. 39,29,000 decrease.

Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 3,41,000 decrease.

Cash Rs. 93,99,000 decrease.

Ways and Means advances to the Government of India 50,00,-000 increase.

Percentage 31.99.

SILVER KEY ON COTTON SPECULATION

by

B. H. RAO

with

past and prospective American Cotton Chart with explanation.

Price Rs. 5

According to Silver Key the next Bureau Report will be bearish and the American market will again touch 8.50 cents for October giving good opportunity to buy Cotton for investment.

INDIAN BOOK DEPOT

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1933

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

MORE TROOPS FOR HAVANA

Revolutionary Junta May Be Forcibly Ejected

U. S. Naval Craft Kept In Readiness To Meet Emergency

NEW YORK, September 9.

The revolutionary Junta in Cuba has agreed to restore the office of the President but he will be a candidate of their choice.

Meanwhile, the United States is watching the situation closely. Government have ordered battleship "Mississipi" to leave Cardens Bay to go to Havana Bay and another destroyer "Ruben James" to leave Norfolk for Cuba making 30 naval craft altogether while eight destroyers which have assembled at Hampton Roads after their training cruise are held in readiness.

Machine guns have been mounted on roof of the Governmental Palace in Havana and two lorry-loads of troops have reinforced the guard with plenty of ammunition.—Reuter.

SITUATION WORSENS.

(EARLIER.)

The situation in Cuba is steadily worsening, according to newspaper correspondents who express the opinion that the United States may even have forcibly to eject the revolutionary junta if they do not voluntarily agree to a stable government.—Reuter.

BATISTA PROMOTED

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

Sergeant Batista, one of the leaders of the junta which recently overthrew Dr. Cespedes, has been promoted to Colonel to remove the anomaly of a sergeant being chief of the army. In an effort to calm American feeling Colonel Batista has published a message purporting to be from Mr. Swanson, Secretary of the U. S. Navy, denying that U. S. A. has any intention of intervening in Cuba, and expressing the hope that the "Cubans will solve the problems with justice and generosity." Mr. Gercio Garbo, a former Radical exile, now of the revolutionary junta claims that the formation of a Coalition Government representative of Opposition factions, will soon adjust Cuban matters.—Reuter.

CUBAN PRESIDENCY

NEW YORK, September 10.

Professor Gran San Martin, a member of the revolutionary junta, is mentioned as a candidate for the Cuban Presidency.

Ferrer, Secretatry of War under Mr. Cespedes, declares that the junta has melted like ice on a hot stove. Officers have agreed to return to their commands. The United States battleship "Mississippi" has arrived off Havana.—Reuter.

GRAU SAN MARTIN INSTALLED

LATER

HAVANA, Sept. 10.

Professor Grau San Martin has been installed as President. The news was greeted with much embracing and delirious cheering outside the presidential palace.—Reuter.

FOUNDERS OF FIRST FIRE TEMPLE IN BOMBAY

On Occasion Of 151st Anniversary, Mr. Pay-Master Narrates History Of Benevolent Dadysett Family

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal the occasion of the 151st anniversary of the Daysett Fire-temple was celebrated at Sir Cawasji Jehangir public Hall recently under the presidentship of Mr. Rustam B. Paymaster.

The Chairman stated that he had been also asked to give a lecture on the Daysett family the head of which had founded the first fire-temple of the Parsees in Bombay, the previous one having been at Sanjan Naosari and Udwada where is located the original sacred fire called Iran Shah or the present king of the Parsees since they lost Persia in 632 A. D.

CHARITABLE FAMILY.

The Daysett family was the sixth to come down and settle in Bombay from a place in the Surat district about 250 years ago. Dadibhoy Nusserwanji Homji (Dadisett) did a roaring trade with China by means of five vessels that he owned and had also traded with England through his agents. He had amassed thirty lakhs of Rupees, a third of which he devoted to religious and charitable causes. During the famine that then raged in Gujarat he provided meals to thousands of people every day for months together. He started a resting house for Iranis who came down to Bombay to escape from religious persecution and also founded a school for religious instruction of Parsee boys. He died in 1799 before which he made a free grant of land of his own at Mahaluxmi for the building of temples and dharamsalas for Hindus.

IN WAKE OF HIS FATHER.

His son Ardeshir Dady kept up the noble traditions of his father and did various charitable acts. A governor of Bombay Mr. Duncan was a great friend of his who while Ardeshir died in 1810 at the time his dead body being removed from his house near the Cathedral personally attended at the Cathedral in his honour and ordered the Church bells to be rung with due solemnity as a mark of mourning until the certege was out of sight.

Mr. Maneck Mulla and Mr. J. S. Chiniwala also addressed the meeting after which the proceedings terminated.

The New Afghan Consul for Bombay arrived in city by the Frontier mail on Friday. He was received at the Central Station by Moulana Irfan, Secretary, Khilafat Committee, Mr. A. R. Paymaster, (Rumanian Consul), Mr. Behramji Dubash and Mr. Asif, the Acting Afghan Consul.

REFUND OF FINE ORDERED

"Number Of Infirmities In Prosecution Case"

"ILLICIT" LIQUOR CASE

Magistrate misdirected himself, says Thana Judge.

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Sept. 9.

On the ground that the trial Magistrate "misdirected" himself in convicting the accused inspite of the fact that he noticed a number of infirmities in the prosecution case, Mr. K. K. Thakor, the Sessions Judge of Thana, acquitted on Friday afternoon, Bedkya Balu Mahatre and Vedkya Joma, who preferred an appeal against their conviction by Mr. M. B. Kunte, the Subdivisional Magistrate, Thana, under Section 43 (1) A of the Bombay Abkari Act. On July 10 last the appellants were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 51 each, or in default to suffer one-and-half months' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. G. B. Walavalkar appeared for the appellants, while Mr. D. J. Raje, Assistant public prosecutor, represented the Crown.

AT LIQUOR PARTY.

The case in the lower court was that on December 1 last there was a tea and liquor party at the house of Vedkya Joma, the second accused of Shirvan n the Thana Mahal, in connection with the celebration of the betrothal of his daughter with the son of Raghunath of Kukshet. The complainant, (the police patil) lived in a portion of the house occupied by Vedkya Joma. He had shown his displeasure because Vedkya did not comply with his request to give away his daughter in marriage to a person suggested by him (the complainant). However, at the instance of the second accused, Bedkya, who went round with a bottle of wine, offered it to the complainant. After some hesitation the patil agreed to take it, but he sprang a surprise on the gathering by declaring that the wine served was illicit liquor. While trying to force the bottle from the hands of the first accused, the patil, it was alleged, assaulted Bedkya with a "Kaltha" on his head.

JUDGE'S REMARKS.

The Sessions Judge, in the course of his judgment, observed: "The trial Magistrate misdirected himself in this case, because he proceeded as if he was sitting as a Civil Judge, who usually weighs in a nice balance the rival versions and then selects the one that appears to be more probable. It was because he just misdirected himself that he convicted the accused inspite of the fact that he noticed a number of infirmities in the prosecution case. The trial Magistrate's finding about the guilt of the accused appears to me to be altogether unsustainable. I therefore set aside the conviction and sentence and direct that the fine be refunded.

NAGPUR MILLS DISPUTE ENDS

Amicable Settlement Results, Police Officer Negotiating With Ruikar

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Sept. 9.

The management of both the Empress and Model Mills having agreed to reduce the wage-cut from fourteen to twelve and a half per cent only and also not to impose any wage-cut below the agreed minimum, the wage dispute is amicably settled.

The Model Mills, which had closed on June 1, will now start work on Monday.

Mr. Grigson, Deputy Commissioner, negotiated with Mr. Ruikar, President of the Union for settlement.

SUMMER TRAMS IN GERMANY

LEIPZIG. (By Mail.)

Ultra-modern tramway cars have made their appearance here. They are fitted with canvas tops which can be rolled back during warm weather. They are to be run also in Chemnitz.

MOSELLE VINEYARDS TO BE ILLUMINATED

WININGEN, (By Mail).

The pleasant vineyards of this famous wine centre on the Moselle will be illuminated during the vintage festival from August 26th to 28th. There will be a procession in old folk costumes and an open air festival play. Wine instead of water will flow from a fountain in the Market-Place.

WORLD MUSIC CONGRESS IN BAYREUTH

BAYREUTH. (By Mail.)

The Second International Congress of the World Music and Song Association will be held in Bayreuth during the week-end. Frau Winifred Wagner, widow of Siegfried Wagner, is the honorary president. Frau Daniels Thode, Richard Wagner's daughter, will give an address on "Richard Wagner as Christian." There will be other addresses by leading musicians all of which will be open to the public.

ADVANCING SILVER PRICE

Pittman's Recommendation To Roosevelt

DETAILS UNREVEALED

"Compel Mints to accept White Metal for coinage into Silver Dollars"?

RENO, (NEVADA). September 10.

Senator Pittman has announced that he has recommended to President Roosevelt a plan which if followed would advance silver price to 1.19 dollars per ounce.

Senator Pittman refused to disclose the details, saying that information must emanate from Whitehouse.

It is reported, however, that Senator Pittman has suggested to the President to compel various United States mints to accept silver for coinage into silver dollars which then would be returned to the producer, minus certain coinage charge.—Reuter's Special.

COCHIN CHIEF OPENS MYSORE ELECTRIC SCHEME

DEVANHALLI, Sept. 9.

Crowds of Mysore ryots lined the route and greeted His Highness Sir Ramavarma, Maharaja of Cochin, on his arrival here tonight. After opening the Town Electric Light Scheme, His Highness in his reply to the citizens' address said that it was a real pleasure to see such a prosperous country and congratulated the people on having as the sovereign a great and god-fearing man. The Maharaja concluded invoking the choicest blessings of God Vishnu on the Mysore people.

Sir Mirza Ismail said that it was most gracious of His Highness to come so far to perform this ceremony—an honour they highly less possibilities which accrued from carrying power to rural areas and said that Mysore had made a substantial beginning in this direction.—A. P.

HEATH AND FOREST FIRES

LONDON Sept. 9.

Sporadic outbreaks of heath and forest fires are a daily feature of the continuing drought occasioning ruination of thousands of acres of heath and woodland's beauty spots.

There are no signs at present of a break of anticyclone and the rationing of country water supplies is now the insistent problem.—Reuter.

Irish Parliament Must Be Supreme

Demand For Abolition Of Governor-General's Right To Veto And King's Right To Withhold Signature

DUBLIN, September 10.

Three bills amending the constitution will be introduced in the Dail on its reassembly on September 27.

The first bill is for abolishing the Governor-General's right to veto certain bills relating to the appropriation of money, the second is to abolish His Majesty's right to withhold his signature to the Acts of Parliament and the third is to abolish the right of appeal to the Privy Council.

Powers of veto of the Governor-General and His Majesty's withholding of signature have hitherto been not exercised.—Reuter.

MOURNING FOR DEAD MAJESTY

Wailing Dirges Of Death For Seven Days

(Special Cable).

BAGHDAD, Sept. 9.

Thousands of Arabs moving in slow procession in darkened narrow winding streets, beating their breasts and wailing dirges for the death of Feisal ushered in a 7-days' mourning. Darkness shrouded the city for the Council had ordered that all lights should be extinguished.

The commercial life is stopped. Bands of Arabs broke the windows of several shops "because they resumed business too soon after the King's death."

There was no sign of life at Queen Hasimah's Palace where the chief sentinel guarding the door maintained an imperturbable silence to all inquiries. Besides his widow and a son, King Feisal left three daughters eldest of whom is aged 37. They have an English woman as a companion, who resides at the palace. The Princesses speaks fluent English and play bridge.

King Ghazi is a bachelor.

MOURNING IN AMMAN

Scenes In Capital Of Emir Of Trans-Jordan

AMMAN, September 9.

The day of mourning was observed in the capital by the Emir of Trans-Jordan who is a brother of King Feisal. Crowds of Arabs arrived from all parts and they continuously filed past the Palace in processions, many weeping copiously.

It is believed that the Emir will go to Haifa to accompany his brother's body to Baghdad.—Reuter.

MAINTAINING BONDS OF ALLIANCE

Iraqi Premier's Assurance

BAGHDAD. Sept. 9.

The main consideration of the Iraqi future policy was the maintenance of bonds of friendship and alliance with Iraq's great ally, Britain, declared Rashid Ali, the Iraqi Premier, thanking King Ghazi on the formal reappointment of himself and his Cabinet. Such a policy approved by the Iraqi Parliament, would remain unchanged.—Reuter.

U. S. CONDOLENCE.

WASHINGTON, September 9.

President Roosevelt has cabled a message of condolence to the Ghazi.—Reuter's Special.

Simla:—The Hon'ble Mr. G. A. Natesan who joined the Tarl. Board on 7th instant has resigned the membership of the Council of State. He had an interview with the Viceroy on Saturday.

He and other members of the Board will be leaving Simla next week for Calcutta to begin their work which commences on 16th September.—A. P.

DECLINE IN GOLD PRICE

Credit Freely Obtainable In London Market

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, September 9.

On the Money Market with the disappearance of temporary factors which caused some curtailment in the funds, credit was freely obtainable during the week with the result that Treasury Bills were allotted a lower average rate of six shillings seven pence per cent.

A feature of city to-day was sharp appreciation of sterling in terms of gold currencies exemplified by the movement of French francs from 81.18 to 82.25.

Consequently, gold price fell one shilling eight pence half penny to 129-2-1/2.

PEACE RESTORED AT AMBUR

Govt. To Make Enquires Into Recent Disturbances

MADRAS, Sept. 9

Mr. Yakub Hassan, M. L. C., in the course of a statement regarding disturbances in Ambur says that he visited Ambur and made thorough enquiry into the disturbances that took place on August 30. The relations between Adi Dravidas and Muslims at Ambur have always been good and he is glad to state that good relations have been completely restored.

Adi Dravidas are working in tanneries owned by Muslims and attending to other duties as usual. After describing the incidents he refers to his interview with the District Magistrate, Superintendent of Police and the Home Member.

He has been assured by Government that they would go thoroughly into the matter and no action will be taken calculated to aggravate the situation after perfect peace and calm have been restored.—A. P.

RAILWAYS AND ROAD TRAFFIC

BERLIN. (By Mail.)

Like its British counterparts, the German State Railway Company is making a bid to keep abreast of modern road traffic development, and the organisation, it is now estimated, operates either singly or jointly with road undertakings, motor traffic covering some 12,000 miles most of it freight traffic. The railways are responsible also for 145 different passenger routes, some run entirely alone and others in connection with the post office.

BRIDGE AS A BIRTHDAY PRESENT

TANGERMUNDE, (By Mail.)

During this ancient city's celebrations of its 100th anniversary from September 9th to 17th, a new bridge crossing the Elbe between Magdeburg and Harburg is to be dedicated.

Edited by V. V. KUMTEKER (Acting Editor) and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Ead Building, Parsi Bazaar Street Fort Bombay.